DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS FOR B. TECH. THIRD YEAR

Computer Science Computer Engineering Computer Science and Engineering (Computer Science and Engineering/CS)

On

Choice Based Credit System

(Effective from the Session: 2020-21)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, UTTAR PRADESH, LUCKNOW

B.TECH (COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING/ COMPUTER SCIENCE) CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

SI. No.	Subject	Subject	Periods		Evaluation Scheme			End Semester		Credit			
110.	Codes		L	Т	Р	СТ	ТА	Total	PS	ТЕ	PE		
1	KCS501	Database Management System	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KCS502	Compiler Design	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
3	KCS503	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	Deptt. Elective-I	Departmental Elective-I	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5	Deptt. Elective-II	Departmental Elective-II	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS551	Database Management System Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS552	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS553	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KCS554	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2				50			50	1
10	KNC501/ KNC502	Constitution of India, Law and Engineering / Indian Tradition, Culture and Society	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	17	3	8							950	22

			SEM	EST	ER-	·VI							
SI. No.	Subject	Subject	P	eriod	ls	Ev	aluati	on Sche	me	Ei Seme		Total	Credit
1101	Codes		L	Т	Р	СТ	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KCS601	Software Engineering	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KCS602	Web Technology	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
3	KCS603	Computer Networks	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	Deptt. Elective-III	Departmental Elective-III	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5		Open Elective-I [Annexure - B(iv)]	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS651	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS652	Web Technology Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS653	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KNC601/ KNC602	Constitution of India, Law and Engineering / Indian Tradition, Culture and Society	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			
10		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)						•					
		Total	0	3	6							900	21

Departmental Elective-I

- 1. KCS-051 Data Analytics
- 2. KCS-052 Web Designing
- 3. KCS-053 Computer Graphics
- 4. KCS-054 Object Oriented System Design

Departmental Elective-II

- 1. KCS-055 Machine Learning Techniques
- 2. KCS-056 Application of Soft Computing
- 3. KCS-057 Augmented & Virtual Reality
- 4. KCS-058 Human Computer Interface

Departmental Elective-III

- 1. KCS-061 Big Data
- 2. KCS-062 Image Processing
- 3. KCS-063 Real Time Systems
- 4. KCS-064 Data Compression

B.TECH. (CSE & CS)

FIFTH SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

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	Database Management System (KCS501)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
At the	end of course , the student will be able to:	
CO	1 Apply knowledge of database for real life applications.	K ₃
CO	2 Apply query processing techniques to automate the real time problems of databases.	K ₃ , K ₄
CO	3 Identify and solve the redundancy problem in database tables using normalization.	K ₂ , K ₃
	Understand the concepts of transactions, their processing so they will familiar with broad range	K ₂ , K ₄
CO	⁴ of database management issues including data integrity, security and recovery.	
CO	5 Design, develop and implement a small database project using database tools.	K ₃ , K ₆
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction: Overview, Database System vs File System, Database System Concept and Architecture, Data Model Schema and Instances, Data Independence and Database Language and Interfaces, Data Definitions Language, DML, Overall Database Structure. Data Modeling Using the Entity Relationship Model: ER Model Concepts, Notation for ER Diagram, Mapping Constraints, Keys, Concepts of Super Key, Candidate Key, Primary Key, Generalization, Aggregation, Reduction of an ER Diagrams to Tables, Extended ER Model, Relationship of Higher Degree.	08
II	Relational data Model and Language: Relational Data Model Concepts, Integrity Constraints, Entity Integrity, Referential Integrity, Keys Constraints, Domain Constraints, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, Tuple and Domain Calculus. Introduction on SQL: Characteristics of SQL, Advantage of SQL. SQl Data Type and Literals. Types of SQL Commands. SQL Operators and Their Procedure. Tables, Views and Indexes. Queries and Sub Queries. Aggregate Functions. Insert, Update and Delete Operations, Joins, Unions, Intersection, Minus, Cursors, Triggers, Procedures in SQL/PL SQL	08
III	Data Base Design & Normalization: Functional dependencies, normal forms, first, second, 8 third normal forms, BCNF, inclusion dependence, loss less join decompositions, normalization using FD, MVD, and JDs, alternative approaches to database design	08
IV	Transaction Processing Concept: Transaction System, Testing of Serializability, Serializability of Schedules, Conflict & View Serializable Schedule, Recoverability, Recovery from Transaction Failures, Log Based Recovery, Checkpoints, Deadlock Handling. Distributed Database: Distributed Data Storage, Concurrency Control, Directory System.	08
V	Concurrency Control Techniques: Concurrency Control, Locking Techniques for Concurrency Control, Time Stamping Protocols for Concurrency Control, Validation Based Protocol, Multiple Granularity, Multi Version Schemes, Recovery with Concurrent Transaction, Case Study of Oracle.	08
Text b		
1.	Korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan," Database Concepts", McGraw Hill	
2.	Date C J, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Addision Wesley	
3.	Elmasri, Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Addision Wesley	
4.	O'Neil, Databases, Elsevier Pub.	
5.	RAMAKRISHNAN"Database Management Systems",McGraw Hill	
6.	Leon & Leon,"Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House	
7.	Bipin C. Desai, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Gagotia Publications	
8.	Majumdar & Bhattacharya, "Database Management System", TMH	

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	Compiler Design (KCS-502)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
At the e	and of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1	Acquire knowledge of different phases and passes of the compiler and also able to use the compiler tools like LEX, YACC, etc. Students will also be able to design different types of compiler tools to meet the requirements of the realistic constraints of compilers.	K ₃ , K ₆
CO 2	Understand the parser and its types i.e. Top-Down and Bottom-up parsers and construction of LL, SLR, CLR, and LALR parsing table.	K ₂ , K ₆
CO 3	synthesized and inherited attributes.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	techniques used in that.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Understand the target machine's run time environment, its instruction set for code generation and techniques used for code optimization.	K ₂ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction to Compiler : Phases and passes, Bootstrapping, Finite state machines and regular expressions and their applications to lexical analysis, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers implementation of lexical analyzers, lexical-analyzer generator, LEX compiler, Formal grammars and their application to syntax analysis, BNF notation, ambiguity, YACC. The syntactic specification of programming languages: Context free grammars, derivation and parse trees, capabilities of CFG.	08
II	Basic Parsing Techniques: Parsers, Shift reduce parsing, operator precedence parsing, top down parsing, predictive parsers Automatic Construction of efficient Parsers: LR parsers, the canonical Collection of LR(0) items, constructing SLR parsing tables, constructing Canonical LR parsing tables, Constructing LALR parsing tables, using ambiguous grammars, an automatic parser generator, implementation of LR parsing tables.	08
Ш	Syntax-directed Translation: Syntax-directed Translation schemes, Implementation of Syntax- directed Translators, Intermediate code, postfix notation, Parse trees & syntax trees, three address code, quadruple & triples, translation of assignment statements, Boolean expressions, statements that alter the flow of control, postfix translation, translation with a top down parser. More about translation: Array references in arithmetic expressions, procedures call, declarations and case statements.	08
IV	Symbol Tables : Data structure for symbols tables, representing scope information. Run-Time Administration: Implementation of simple stack allocation scheme, storage allocation in block structured language. Error Detection & Recovery: Lexical Phase errors, syntactic phase errors semantic errors.	08
V	Code Generation: Design Issues, the Target Language. Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, Code Generator. Code optimization: Machine-Independent Optimizations, Loop optimization, DAG representation of basic blocks, value numbers and algebraic laws, Global Data-Flow analysis.	08
Text bo		
	Sethi & Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education	
	uneeswaran,Compiler Design,First Edition,Oxford University Press	
	Bennet, "Introduction to Compiler Techniques", Second Edition, McGraw-Hill,2003.	
	Alblas and Albert Nymeyer, "Practice and Principles of Compiler Building with C", PHI, 2001.	
	ghvan, "Principles of Compiler Design", McGraw-Hill,	
	eth Louden," Compiler Construction", Cengage Learning.	
/ I hor		

7. Charles Fischer and Ricard LeBlanc," Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education

	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)
At the end	d of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Design new algorithms, prove them correct, and analyze their asymand memory demands.	ptotic and absolute runtime	K ₄ , K ₆
CO 2	Find an algorithm to solve the problem (create) and prove that the a correctly (validate).	lgorithm solves the problem	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 3	Understand the mathematical criterion for deciding whether an algo many practically important problems that do not admit any efficient		K ₂ , K ₅
CO 4	Apply classical sorting, searching, optimization and graph algorithm	18.	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 5	Understand basic techniques for designing algorithms, including t divide-and-conquer, and greedy.	he techniques of recursion,	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-1-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
I F	ntroduction: Algorithms, Analyzing Algorithms, Complexity of Functions, Performance Measurements, Sorting and Order Statistics - Sl Sort, Heap Sort, Comparison of Sorting Algorithms, Sorting in Linear T	hell Sort, Quick Sort, Merge	08
	Advanced Data Structures: Red-Black Trees, B – Trees, Binomia Tries, Skip List	l Heaps, Fibonacci Heaps,	08
III C	Divide and Conquer with Examples Such as Sorting, Matrix Multip Gearching. Greedy Methods with Examples Such as Optimal Reliability Alloca Geanning Trees – Prim's and Kruskal's Algorithms, Single Source Sho Bellman Ford Algorithms.	ation, Knapsack, Minimum	08
IV A	Dynamic Programming with Examples Such as Knapsack. All Pair	Allocation Problem.	08
V	Selected Topics: Algebraic Computation, Fast Fourier Transform, Strir Completeness, Approximation Algorithms and Randomized Algorithms		08
India 2. E. Ho 3. Aho, 4. LEE 5. Richa 6. Jon F 7. Mich Secon 8. Harry	has H. Coreman, Charles E. Leiserson and Ronald L. Rivest, "Introduct	" Pearson Education, 2008. ng s, Analysis, and Internet Exan s, Harper Collins, 1997	

	Data Analytics (KCS-051)		
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	rel (KL)
At the e	nd of course , the student will be able to :		
CO 1	Describe the life cycle phases of Data Analytics through building.	discovery, planning and	K1,K2
CO 2	Understand and apply Data Analysis Techniques.		K2, K3
CO 3	Implement various Data streams.		K3
CO 4	Understand item sets, Clustering, frame works & Visualizatio	ns.	K2
CO 5	Apply R tool for developing and evaluating real time applica	tions.	K3,K5,K6
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction to Data Analytics: Sources and nature of data (structured, semi-structured, unstructured), characteristics of data platform, need of data analytics, evolution of analytic scalabit tools, analysis vs reporting, modern data analytic tools, application Data Analytics Lifecycle: Need, key roles for successful analytic of data analytics lifecycle – discovery, data preparation, model communicating results, operationalization.	a, introduction to Big Data lity, analytic process and ons of data analytics. ic projects, various phases	08
п	Data Analysis: Regression modeling, multivariate analysis, Bay and Bayesian networks, support vector and kernel methods, ana systems analysis & nonlinear dynamics, rule induction, neura generalisation, competitive learning, principal component analy fuzzy logic: extracting fuzzy models from data, fuzzy decision methods.	lysis of time series: linear al networks: learning and ysis and neural networks,	08
ш	Mining Data Streams: Introduction to streams concepts, architecture, stream computing, sampling data in a stream, fi distinct elements in a stream, estimating moments, counting decaying window, Real-time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applic time sentiment analysis, stock market predictions.	iltering streams, counting g oneness in a window,	08
IV	Frequent Itemsets and Clustering: Mining frequent itemsets, Apriori algorithm, handling large data sets in main memory counting frequent itemsets in a stream, clustering technique clustering high dimensional data, CLIQUE and ProCLUS, freque methods, clustering in non-euclidean space, clustering for stream	, limited pass algorithm, s: hierarchical, K-means, nt pattern based clustering	08
V	Frame Works and Visualization: MapReduce, Hadoop, Person Sharding, NoSQL Databases, S3, Hadoop Distributed File Syst data analysis techniques, interaction techniques, systems and appertent Introduction to R - R graphical user interfaces, data import and types, descriptive statistics, exploratory data analysis, visual analytics for unstructured data.	ems, Visualization: visual lications. l export, attribute and data	08
 Mic Ana Bill Ana 	types, descriptive statistics, exploratory data analysis, visua	lization before analysis, usets, Cambridge University n Huge Data Streams with A	Press. Advanced

- 5. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley
- 6. David Dietrich, Barry Heller, Beibei Yang, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics", EMC Education Series, John Wiley
- 7. Frank J Ohlhorst, "Big Data Analytics: Turning Big Data into Big Money", Wiley and SAS Business Series
- 8. Colleen Mccue, "Data Mining and Predictive Analysis: Intelligence Gathering and Crime Analysis", Elsevier
- 9. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand," Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer
- 10. Paul Zikopoulos, Chris Eaton, Paul Zikopoulos, "Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data", McGraw Hill
- 11. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer
- 12. Mark Gardner, "Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language", Wrox Publication
- 13. Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly
- 14. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data, John Wiley & Sons
- 15. Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly.
- 16. Peter Bühlmann, Petros Drineas, Michael Kane, Mark van der Laan, "Handbook of Big Data", CRC Press
- 17. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Second Edition, Elsevier

	Web Designing (KCS-052)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
At the e	nd of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1	Understand principle of Web page design and about types of websites	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 2	Visualize and Recognize the basic concept of HTML and application in web designing.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 3	Recognize and apply the elements of Creating Style Sheet (CSS).	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 4	Understand the basic concept of Java Script and its application.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Introduce basics concept of Web Hosting and apply the concept of SEO	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction : Basic principles involved in developing a web site, Planning process, Domains and Hosting, Responsive Web Designing, Types of Websites (Static and Dynamic Websites), Web Standards and W3C recommendations, Introduction to HTML: What is HTML, HTML Documents, Basic structure of an HTML document, Creating an HTML document, Mark up Tags, Heading-Paragraphs, Line Breaks	08
Π	Elements of HTML: HTML Tags., Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia, Working with Forms and controls	08
III	Concept of CSS: Creating Style Sheet, CSS Properties, CSS Styling(Background, Text Format, Controlling Fonts), Working with block elements and objects, Working with Lists and Tables, CSS Id and Class, Box Model(Introduction, Border properties, Padding Properties, Margin properties) CSS Advanced(Grouping, Dimension, Display, Positioning, Floating, Align, Pseudo class, Navigation Bar, Image Sprites, Attribute sector), CSS Color, Creating page Layout and Site Designs.	08
IV	Introduction to Client Side Scripting, Introduction to Java Script, Javascript Types, Variables in JS, Operators in JS, Conditions Statements, Java Script Loops, JS Popup Boxes, JS Events, JS Arrays, Working with Arrays, JS Objects, JS Functions, Using Java Script in Real time, Validation of Forms, Related Examples	08
v	Web Hosting: Web Hosting Basics, Types of Hosting Packages, Registering domains, Defining Name Servers, Using Control Panel, Creating Emails in Cpanel, Using FTP Client, Maintaining a Website Concepts of SEO : Basics of SEO, Importance of SEO, Onpage Optimization Basics	08
Text Bo	Concepts of SEO : Basics of SEO, Importance of SEO, Onpage Optimization Basics	
1.	Steven M. Schafer, "HTML, XHTML, and CSS Bible, 5ed", Wiley India	
2.	Ian Pouncey, Richard York, "Beginning CSS: Cascading Style Sheets for Web Design", Wiley India	

	Computer Graphics (KCS-053)			
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge I	Level (KL)		
At the e	end of course , the student will be able to:			
CO 1	Understand the graphics hardware used in field of computer graphics.	K ₂		
CO 2	Understand the concept of graphics primitives such as lines and circle based on different algorithms.	K ₂ , K ₄		
CO 3	Apply the 2D graphics transformations, composite transformation and Clipping concepts.	K_4		
CO 4	Apply the concepts of and techniques used in 3D computer graphics, including viewing transformations.	K ₂ , K ₃		
CO 5	Perform the concept of projections, curve and hidden surfaces in real life.	K ₂ , K ₃		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0		
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture		
Ι	Introduction and Line Generation: Types of computer graphics, Graphic Displays- Random scan displays, Raster scan displays, Frame buffer and video controller, Points and lines, Line drawing algorithms, Circle generating algorithms, Mid-point circle generating algorithm, and parallel version of these algorithms.			
П	 Transformations: Basic transformation, Matrix representations and homogenous coordinates, Composite transformations, Reflections and shearing. Windowing and Clipping: Viewing pipeline, Viewing transformations, 2-D Clipping algorithms-Line clipping algorithms such as Cohen Sutherland line clipping algorithm, Liang Barsky algorithm, Line clipping against non rectangular clip windows; Polygon clipping – Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping, Weiler and Atherton polygon clipping, Curve clipping, Text clipping 			
III	Three Dimensional: 3-D Geometric Primitives, 3-D Object representation, 3-D Transformation, 3-D viewing, projections, 3-D Clipping.	08		
IV	Curves and Surfaces: Quadric surfaces, Spheres, Ellipsoid, Blobby objects, Introductory concepts of Spline, Bspline and Bezier curves and surfaces.	08		
V	Hidden Lines and Surfaces: Back Face Detection algorithm, Depth buffer method, A- buffer method, Scan line method, basic illumination models– Ambient light, Diffuse reflection, Specular reflection and Phong model, Combined approach, Warn model, Intensity Attenuation, Color consideration, Transparency and Shadows.	08		
Text bo	oks:			
 Foley Roge W. M. Amre R.K. Mukl 	Id Hearn and M Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics C Version", Pearson Education 7, Vandam, Feiner, Hughes – "Computer Graphics principle", Pearson Education. rs, "Procedural Elements of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill I. Newman, R. F. Sproull – "Principles of Interactive computer Graphics" – McGraw Hill. endra N Sinha and Arun D Udai," Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill. Maurya, "Computer Graphics " Wiley Dreamtech Publication. nerjee, Fundamentals of Computer graphics & Multimedia, PHI Learning Private Limited. Id Hearn and M Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics with Open GL", Pearson education			

	Object Oriented System Design (KCS-054)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)
At the	e end of course , the student will be able to:	
CO	1 Understand the application development and analyze the insights of object oriented programming to implement application	K ₂ , K ₄
CO		K_2, K_3
CO		K_2, K_3, K_4
CO	4 Understand the basic concepts of C++ to implement the object oriented concepts	K ₂ , K ₃
CO	5 To understand the object oriented approach to implement real world problem.	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Introduction: The meaning of Object Orientation, object identity, Encapsulation, information hiding, polymorphism, generosity, importance of modelling, principles of modelling, object oriented modelling, Introduction to UML, conceptual model of the UML, Architecture.	08
II	 Basic Structural Modeling: Classes, Relationships, common Mechanisms, and diagrams. Class &Object Diagrams: Terms, concepts, modelling techniques for Class & Object Diagrams. Collaboration Diagrams: Terms, Concepts, depicting a message, polymorphism in collaboration Diagrams, iterated messages, use of self in messages. Sequence Diagrams: Terms, concepts, depicting asynchronous messages with/without priority, call-back mechanism, broadcast messages. Basic Behavioural Modeling: Use cases, Use case Diagrams, Activity Diagrams, State Machine, Process and thread, Event and signals, Time diagram, interaction diagram, Package diagram. Architectural Modeling: Component, Deployment, Component diagrams and Deployment diagrams. 	08
III	Object Oriented Analysis: Object oriented design, Object design, Combining three models, Designing algorithms, design optimization, Implementation of control, Adjustment of inheritance, Object representation, Physical packaging, Documenting design considerations. Structured analysis and structured design (SA/SD) , Jackson Structured Development (JSD).Mapping object oriented concepts using non-object oriented language, Translating classes into data structures, Passing arguments to methods, Implementing inheritance, associations encapsulation. Object oriented programming style: reusability, extensibility, robustness, programming in the large. Procedural v/s OOP, Object oriented language features. Abstraction and Encapsulation.	08
IV	 C++ Basics : Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers, variables, constants, enum, operators, typecasting, control structures C++ Functions : Simple functions, Call and Return by reference, Inline functions, Macro Vs. Inline functions, Overloading of functions, default arguments, friend functions, virtual functions 	08
V	Objects and Classes : Basics of object and class in C++, Private and public members, static data and function members, constructors and their types, destructors, operator overloading, type conversion. Inheritance : Concept of Inheritance, types of inheritance: single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, hybrid, protected members, overriding, virtual base class Polymorphism : Pointers in C++, Pointes and Objects, this pointer, virtual and pure virtual functions, Implementing polymorphism	08
Text F 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7		le", Pearso

7. The Compete Reference C++, Herbert Schlitz, McGraw Hill.

	Machine Learning Techniques (KCS 055)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowled	lge Level (KL)
At the e	end of course , the student will be able:	
CO 1	To understand the need for machine learning for various problem solving	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	To understand a wide variety of learning algorithms and how to evaluate models generated from data	K_1 , K_3
CO 3	To understand the latest trends in machine learning	\mathbf{K}_2 , \mathbf{K}_3
CO 4	To design appropriate machine learning algorithms and apply the algorithms to a real-world problems	K_4 , K_6
CO 5	To optimize the models learned and report on the expected accuracy that can be achieved by applying the models	$K_{4,}K_5$
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	INTRODUCTION – Learning, Types of Learning, Well defined learning problems, Designing a Learning System, History of ML, Introduction of Machine Learning Approaches – (Artificial Neural Network, Clustering, Reinforcement Learning, Decision Tree Learning, Bayesian networks, Support Vector Machine, Genetic Algorithm), Issues in Machine Learning and Data Science Vs Machine Learning;	08
п	 REGRESSION: Linear Regression and Logistic Regression BAYESIAN LEARNING - Bayes theorem, Concept learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes classifier, Bayesian belief networks, EM algorithm. SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE: Introduction, Types of support vector kernel – (Linear kernel, polynomial kernel, and Gaussiankernel), Hyperplane – (Decision surface), Properties of SVM, and Issues in SVM. 	08
III	 DECISION TREE LEARNING - Decision tree learning algorithm, Inductive bias, Inductive inference with decision trees, Entropy and information theory, Information gain, ID-3 Algorithm, Issues in Decision tree learning. INSTANCE-BASED LEARNING - k-Nearest Neighbour Learning, Locally Weighted Regression, Radial basis function networks, Case-based learning. 	08
IV	ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS – Perceptron's, Multilayer perceptron, Gradient descent and the Delta rule, Multilayer networks, Derivation of Backpropagation Algorithm, Generalization, Unsupervised Learning – SOM Algorithm and its variant; DEEP LEARNING - Introduction, concept of convolutional neural network, Types of layers – (Convolutional Layers, Activation function, pooling, fully connected), Concept of Convolution (1D and 2D) layers, Training of network, Case study of CNN for eg on Diabetic Retinopathy, Building a smart speaker, Self-deriving car etc.	08
V	REINFORCEMENT LEARNING –Introduction to Reinforcement Learning , Learning Task,Example of Reinforcement Learning in Practice, Learning Models for Reinforcement – (Markov Decision process, Q Learning - Q Learning function, Q Learning Algorithm), Application of Reinforcement Learning,Introduction to Deep Q Learning. GENETIC ALGORITHMS: Introduction, Components, GA cycle of reproduction, Crossover, Mutation, Genetic Programming, Models of Evolution and Learning, Applications.	08
Fext bo	 oks: 1. Tom M. Mitchell, —Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 201 2. Ethem Alpaydin, —Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning), The MIT Press 2004. 3. Stephen Marsland, —Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, CRC Press, 2009. 4. Bishop, C., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Berlin: Springer-Verlag. 	13.

	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)
At the e	end of course , the student will be able to :		
CO 1	Recognize the feasibility of applying a soft computing methodology	y for a particular problem	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Understand the concepts and techniques of soft computing and fost and implementing soft computing based solutions for real-world and	0 0	K2,K4, K
CO 3	Apply neural networks to pattern classification and regression	problems and compare	K ₃ , K ₅
CO 4	A male former losis and massering to handle uncontainty and calus an		K ₃ , K ₄
CO 5	Apply constitution algorithms to combinatorial antimization problems		K3, K5
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
I	Neural Networks-I (Introduction & Architecture) : Neuron, Ne Artificial Neuron and its model, activation functions, Neural network a multilayer feed forward networks, recurrent networks. Various learning convergence rule, Auto-associative and hetro-associative memory.	architecture: single layer and	08
Ш	Neural Networks-II (Back propagation networks): Architecture: single layer artificial neural network, multilayer perception model; methods, effect of learning rule co-efficient ;back propagation a backpropagation training, applications.	back propagation learning	08
III	Fuzzy Logic-I (Introduction): Basic concepts of fuzzy logic, Fuzzy set theory and operations, Properties of fuzzy sets, Fuzzy and Crisp conversion.	· ·	08
IV	Fuzzy Logic –II (Fuzzy Membership, Rules) : Membership functions fuzzy if-then rules, Fuzzy implications and Fuzzy algorithms, Fuzzyfic Fuzzy Controller, Industrial applications		08
V	Genetic Algorithm(GA): Basic concepts, working principle, procedure Genetic representations, (encoding) Initialization and selection, Generational Cycle, applications.		08
Text bo	oks:		
1. S.F	ajsekaran & G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, "Neural Networks,Fuzzy Logic and	d Genetic Algorithm:Synthesi	s and
App	lications" Prentice Hall of India.		
2. N. P Bool	Padhy, "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems" Oxford Univers	ity Press. Reference	
3. Sima	n Haykin, "Neural Netowrks", Pearson Education		
4. Time	othy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications" Wiley India.		

	Augmented & Virtual Reality (KCS-057)		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)	
At the e	end of course, the student will be able :		
CO 1	To make students know the basic concept and understand the framework of virtual reality.	K ₁ , K ₂	
CO 2	To understand principles and multidisciplinary features of virtual reality and apply it in developing applications.	K ₂ , K ₄	
CO 3	To know the technology for multimodal user interaction and perception VR, in particular the visual, audial and haptic interface and behavior.	K ₂ , K ₃	
CO 4	To understand and apply technology for managing large scale VR environment in real time.	K ₂ , K ₃	
CO 5	To understand an introduction to the AR system framework and apply AR tools in software development.	\mathbf{K}_2 , $\mathbf{K}_{3,}$	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0	
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture	
I	VIRTUAL REALITY AND VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENTS: The historical development of VR:Scientific landmarks Computer Graphics, Real-time computer graphics, Flight simulation, Virtual environments, Requirements for VR, benefits of Virtual reality.HARDWARE TECHNOLOGIES FOR 3D USER INTERFACES: Visual Displays Auditory Displays, Haptic Displays, Choosing Output Devices for 3D User Interfaces.		
II	3D USER INTERFACE INPUT HARDWARE: Input device characteristics, Desktop input devices, Tracking Devices, 3D Mice, Special Purpose Input Devices, Direct Human Input, Home - Brewed Input Devices, Choosing Input Devices for 3D Interfaces.		
Ш	SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES: Database - World Space, World Coordinate, World Environment, Objects - Geometry, Position / Orientation, Hierarchy, Bounding Volume, Scripts and other attributes, VR Environment - VR Database, Tessellated Data, LODs, Cullers and Occluders, Lights and Cameras, Scripts, Interaction - Simple, Feedback, Graphical User Interface, Control Panel, 2D Controls, Hardware Controls, Room / Stage / Area Descriptions, World Authoring and Playback, VR toolkits, Available software in the market		
IV	3D INTERACTION TECHNIQUES: 3D Manipulation tasks, Manipulation Techniques and Input Devices, Interaction Techniques for 3D Manipulation, Deign Guidelines - 3D Travel Tasks, Travel Techniques, Design Guidelines - Theoretical Foundations of Wayfinding, User Centered Wayfinding Support, Environment Centered Wayfinding Support, Evaluating Wayfinding Aids, Design Guidelines - System Control, Classification, Graphical Menus, Voice Commands, Gestrual Commands, Tools, Mutimodal System Control Techniques, Design Guidelines, Case Study: Mixing System Control Methods, Symbolic Input Tasks, symbolic Input Techniques, Design Guidelines, Beyond Text and Number entry.	08	

	DESIGNING AND DEVELOPING 3D USER INTERFACES: Strategies for Designing and	
	Developing Guidelines and Evaluation.	
	VIRTUAL REALITY APPLICATIONS: Engineering, Architecture, Education, Medicine, Entertainment, Science, Training.	
V	Augmented and Mixed Reality, Taxonomy, technology and features of augmented reality, difference between AR and VR, Challenges with AR, AR systems and functionality, Augmented reality methods, visualization techniques for augmented reality, wireless displays in educational augmented reality applications, mobile projection interfaces, marker-less tracking for augmented reality, enhancing interactivity in AR environments, evaluating AR systems.	08
Text bo	oks:	
	B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, "Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Fou ctive Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.	ndations c
2. Gerai	rd Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.	
-	g A Bowman, Ernest Kuijff, Joseph J LaViola, Jr and Ivan Poupyrev, "3D User Interfaces, Theory and Ison Wesley, USA, 2005.	d Practice'
4. Olive	r Bimber and Ramesh Raskar, "Spatial Augmented Reality: Meging Real and Virtual Worlds", 2005.	
5. Burd		
	ea, Grigore C and Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Interscience, India, 2003.	
6. John	ea, Grigore C and Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Interscience, India, 2003. Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems", Addison Wesley, 1995.	
7. How		n Society
7. How Simo 8. Willi	Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems", Addison Wesley, 1995. ard Rheingold, "Virtual Reality: The Revolutionary Technology and how it Promises to Transform	-

Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (At the end of course , the student will be able to Course Outcome (CO)			vel (KL)
CO 1	Understand and analyze the common methods in the user-center appropriateness of individual methods for a given problem.	ered design process and the	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Apply, adapt and extend classic design standards, guidelines, an	id patterns.	K ₃ , K ₅
CO 3	Employ selected design methods and evaluation methods at a ba	sic level of competence.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Build prototypes at varying levels of fidelity, from paper interactive prototypes.	prototypes to functional,	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Demonstrate sufficient theory of human computer interaction, and inferential statistics to engage with the contemporary rese technology and design.		K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction: Importance of user Interface – definition, importance good design. A brief history of Screen design. The graphical user inter the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteri popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface	face – popularity of graphics,	08
II	Design process: Human interaction with computers, importance of 8 consideration, Human interaction speeds, understanding business jun Design goals – Scre		08
Ш	Screen Designing : Design goals – Screen planning and purpose, & ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Vi amount of information – focus and emphasis – presentation informatio information retrieval on web – statistical graphics – Technologic design.	sually pleasing composition – on simply and meaningfully –	08
IV	Windows : New and Navigation schemes selection of window, 8 secreen based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and in uses problems, choosing colors		08
V	Software tools : Specification methods, interface – Building Too Keyboard and function keys – pointing devices – speech recognition image and video displays – drivers.		08
Text bo	ooks:		
1. Alan	Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale Human Computer Int	eraction, 3rd Edition Prentice H	Hall, 2004.
2. Jonat	han Lazar Jinjuan Heidi Feng, Harry Hochheiser, Research Methods in	HumanComputer Interaction, V	Viley, 2010
3. Ben	Shneiderman and Catherine Plaisant Designing the User Interface: ion (5th Edition, pp. 672, ISBN 0- 321-53735-1, March 2009), Reading.	Strategies for Effective Huma	n-Compute

Database Management Systems Lab (KCS-551)			
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (el (KL)
At the end	l of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Understand and apply oracle 11 g products for creating tables, other database objects.	views, indexes, sequences and	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Design and implement a database schema for company data ba information system, payroll processing system, student informati		K3, K5 K6
CO 3	Write and execute simple and complex queries using DDL, DML	, DCL and TCL	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Write and execute PL/SQL blocks, procedure functions, package	s and triggers, cursors.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Enforce entity integrity, referential integrity, key constraints, an on database.	d domain constraints	K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		
 Creating Writing Writing Writing D) D) D) D) D) D) Yes an example the second s		ing :	
	b) Material Requirement Processing.		
	c) Hospital Management System.		
	d) Railway Reservation System.		
	e) Personal Information System.		
	f) Web Based User Identification System.		
	g) Timetable Management System.		
	h) Hotel Management System		

It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (MySQL , SQL server , Oracle ,MongoDB ,Cubrid ,MariaDBetc)

Database Management Systems Lab (KCS-551): Mapping with Virtual Lab

Name of the Lab	Name of the Experiment
	Data Definition Language(DDL) Statements: (Create table, Alter table, Drop table)
	Data Manipulation Language(DML) Statements
Database Management Lab (KCS-551)	Data Query Language(DQL) Statements: (Select statement with operations like Where clause, Order by, Logical operators, Scalar functions and Aggregate functions)
	Transaction Control Language(TCL) statements: (Commit(make changes permanent), Rollback (undo)
	Describe statement: To view the structure of the table created

	COMPILER DESIGN LA	B (KCS-552)	
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)		ge Level (KL)	
At the end	l of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Identify patterns, tokens & regular expressions for	lexical analysis.	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Design Lexical analyser for given language using C	C and LEX /YACC tools	K ₃ , K ₅
CO 3	Design and analyze top down and bottom up parser	ſS.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Generate the intermediate code		K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Generate machine code from the intermediate code	forms	K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLA	ABUS	
 Implem Generat a) Pr b) F c) Ir d) C Write pr Write pr Write pr Write pr Develop Write pr Develop Write pr Constr Constr Constr Constr Write a 	abs and new lines. entation of Lexical Analyzer using Lex Tool are YACC specification for a few syntactic categories. rogram to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that uses Program to recognize a valid variable which starts with a lean plementation of Calculator using LEX and YACC convert the BNF rules into YACC form and write code to g rogram to find ε – closure of all states of any given NFA w rogram to convert NFA with ε transition to NFA without ε rogram to convert NFA to DFA rogram to minimize any given DFA. to an operator precedence parser for a given language. rogram to find Simulate First and Follow of any given gram uct a recursive descent parser for an expression. uct a Shift Reduce Parser for a given language. a program to perform loop unrolling. a program to perform loop unrolling. as that can be assembled and run using an 8086 assembler. ump etc.	tter followed by any number of lett enerate abstract syntax tree ith ε transition. transition. nmar. dress code and produces the 8086 a The target assembly instructions ca	assembly languag n be simple move

	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Lab (KCS-553)	(1/1)
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
At the end	of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1	Implement algorithm to solve problems by iterative approach.	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Implement algorithm to solve problems by divide and conquer approach	K ₃ , K ₅
CO 3	Implement algorithm to solve problems by Greedy algorithm approach.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Implement algorithm to solve problems by Dynamic programming, backtracking, branch and bound approach.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Implement algorithm to solve problems by branch and bound approach.	K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	
1. Program	for Recursive Binary & Linear Search.	
0	for Heap Sort.	
-	n for Merge Sort.	
-	for Selection Sort.	
-	for Insertion Sort.	
-	for Quick Sort.	
-	ck Problem using Greedy Solution	
-	Travelling Salesman Problem	
	nimum Spanning Tree using Kruskal's Algorithm	
-	nent N Queen Problem using Backtracking	
	given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the	
	the sof $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph	
	an be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using J	
	- conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best	
	given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the	
	ies of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph	
	an be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate how	w the divid
and- conqu	er method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.	
13.6. Imple	ement, the 0/1 Knapsack problem using	
(a) Dyna	amic Programming method	
(b) Gree	dy method.	
14. From	a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's al	lgorithm.
	linimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use	Union-Find
Ū.	ms in your program.	
	linimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.	
	programs to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.	
	lement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.	A in
-	and implement to find a subset of a given set $S = \{SI, S2, \dots, Sn\}$ of n positive integers whose SUN	-
	sitive integer d. For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$ and $d = 9$, there are two solutions $\{1, 2, 6\}$ and $\{1, 8\}$	s. Display
	essage, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.	<i>.</i>
-	n and implement to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n ve	ertices usin
	ng principle.	
Note: The	Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified mann	ier

Note: The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manner It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (C, C++ etc)

B.TECH. (CSE & CS)

SIXTH SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

	Software Engineering (KCS-601)		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to		
CO 1	Explain various software characteristics and analyze different software Development Models.	K ₁ , K ₂	
CO 2	Demonstrate the contents of a SRS and apply basic software quality assurance practices to ensure that design, development meet or exceed applicable standards.	K ₁ , K ₂	
CO 3	Compare and contrast various methods for software design	K ₂ , K ₃	
CO 4	Formulate testing strategy for software systems, employ techniques such as unit testing, Test driven development and functional testing.	K ₃	
CO 5	Manage software development process independently as well as in teams and make use of Various software management tools for development, maintenance and analysis.	K ₅	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0	
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture	
I	Introduction: Introduction to Software Engineering, Software Components, Software Characteristics, Software Crisis, Software Engineering Processes, Similarity and Differences from Conventional Engineering Processes, Software Quality Attributes. Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) Models: Water Fall Model, Prototype Model, Spiral Model, Evolutionary Development Models, Iterative Enhancement Models.	08	
п	Software Requirement Specifications (SRS): Requirement Engineering Process: Elicitation, Analysis, Documentation, Review and Management of User Needs, Feasibility Study, Information Modelling, Data Flow Diagrams, Entity Relationship Diagrams, Decision Tables, SRS Document, IEEE Standards for SRS. Software Quality Assurance (SQA): Verification and Validation, SQA 		
ш	Software Design: Basic Concept of Software Design, Architectural Design, Low Level Design:Modularization, Design Structure Charts, Pseudo Codes, Flow Charts, Coupling and CohesionMeasures, Design Strategies: Function Oriented Design, Object Oriented Design, Top-Down andBottom-Up Design. Software Measurement and Metrics: Various Size Oriented Measures:Halestead's Software Science, Function Point (FP) Based Measures, Cyclomatic ComplexityMeasures: Control Flow Graphs.		
IV	Software Testing: Testing Objectives, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Acceptance Testing, Regression Testing, Testing for Functionality and Testing for Performance, TopDown and Bottom- Up Testing Strategies: Test Drivers and Test Stubs, Structural Testing (White Box Testing), Functional Testing (Black Box Testing), Test Data Suit Preparation, Alpha and Beta Testing of Products. Static Testing Strategies: Formal Technical Reviews (Peer Reviews), Walk Through, Code Inspection, Compliance with Design and Coding Standards.		
V	Software Maintenance and Software Project Management: Software as an Evolutionary Entity, Need for Maintenance, Categories of Maintenance: Preventive, Corrective and Perfective Maintenance, Cost of Maintenance, Software Re- Engineering, Reverse Engineering. Software Configuration Management Activities, Change Control Process, Software Version Control, An Overview of CASE Tools. Estimation of Various Parameters such as Cost, Efforts,	08	

	Schedule/Duration, Constructive Cost Models (COCOMO), Resource Allocation Models, Software Risk Analysis and Management.
Text	books:
	1.RS Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioners Approach, McGraw Hill.
	2. Pankaj Jalote, Software Engineering, Wiley
	3. Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, PHI Publication.
	4. KK Aggarwal and Yogesh Singh, Software Engineering, New Age International Publishers.
	5. Ghezzi, M. Jarayeri, D. Manodrioli, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, PHI Publication.
	6. Ian Sommerville, Software Engineering, Addison Wesley.
	7. Kassem Saleh, "Software Engineering", Cengage Learning.
	8. P fleeger, Software Engineering, Macmillan Publication

	Web Technology (KCS-602)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev At the end of course , the student will be able to	rel (KL)
CO		K ₁ , K ₂
	D 2 Develop Java programs for window/web-based applications.	K_2, K_3
CO	D 3 Design web pages using HTML, XML, CSS and JavaScript.	K ₂ , K ₃
CC	O 4 Creation of client-server environment using socket programming	K ₁ , K _{2,}
CC	D 5 Building enterprise level applications and manipulate web databases using JDBC	$K_{3,}K_{4}$
C	D6 Design interactive web applications using Servlets and JSP	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction: Introduction and Web Development Strategies, History of Web and Internet, Protocols Governing Web, Writing Web Projects, Connecting to Internet, Introduction to Internet services and tools, Introduction to client-server computing. Core Java: Introduction, Operator, Data type, Variable, Arrays, Methods & Classes, Inheritance, Package and Interface, Exception Handling, Multithread programming, I/O, Java Applet, String handling, Event handling, Introduction to AWT, AWT controls, Layout managers	08
П	Web Page Designing: HTML: List, Table, Images, Frames, forms, CSS, Document type definition, XML: DTD, XML schemes, Object Models, presenting and using XML, Using XML Processors: DOM and SAX, Dynamic HTML	08
III	Scripting: Java script: Introduction, documents, forms, statements, functions, objects; introduction to AJAX, Networking : Internet Addressing, InetAddress, Factory Methods, Instance Methods, TCP/IP Client Sockets, URL, URL Connection, TCP/IP Server Sockets, Datagram.	08
IV	 Enterprise Java Bean: Preparing a Class to be a JavaBeans, Creating a JavaBeans, JavaBeans Properties, Types of beans, Stateful Session bean, Stateless Session bean, Entity bean Java Database Connectivity (JDBC): Merging Data from Multiple Tables: Joining, Manipulating, Databases with JDBC, Prepared Statements, Transaction Processing, Stored Procedures. 	08
V	 Servlets: Servlet Overview and Architecture, Interface Servlet and the Servlet Life Cycle, Handling HTTP get Requests, Handling HTTP post Requests, Redirecting Requests to Other Resources, Session Tracking, Cookies, Session Tracking with Http Session Java Server Pages (JSP): Introduction, Java Server Pages Overview, A First Java Server Page Example, Implicit Objects, Scripting, Standard Actions, Directives, Custom Tag Libraries 	08
 Bu L Bu Xa Iva Iva Bh He Ha Ha Na 	books: rdman, Jessica, "Collaborative Web Development" Addison Wesley vier, C, "Web Technology and Design", New Age International an Bayross," HTML, DHTML, Java Script, Perl & CGI", BPB Publication ave, "Programming with Java", Pearson Education rbert Schieldt, "The Complete Reference:Java", McGraw Hill. ns Bergsten, "Java Server Pages", SPD O'Reilly argaret Levine Young, "The Complete Reference Internet", McGraw Hill. ughton, Schildt, "The Complete Reference JAVA2", McGraw Hill. lagurusamy E, "Programming in JAVA", McGraw Hill.	

	Computer Networks(KCS- 603)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Leve	
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO1	Explain basic concepts, OSI reference model, services and role of each layer of OSI model and TCP/IP, networks devices and transmission media, Analog and digital data transmission	K ₁ ,K ₂
CO2	Apply channel allocation, framing, error and flow control techniques.	K ₃
CO3	Describe the functions of Network Layer i.e. Logical addressing, subnetting & Routing Mechanism.	K ₂ ,K ₃
CO4	Explain the different Transport Layer function i.e. Port addressing, Connection Management, Error control and Flow control mechanism.	K ₂ ,K ₃
CO5	Explain the functions offered by session and presentation layer and their Implementation.	K ₂ ,K ₃
CO6	Explain the different protocols used at application layer i.e. HTTP, SNMP, SMTP, FTP, TELNET and VPN.	K ₂
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	 Introductory Concepts: Goals and applications of networks, Categories of networks, Organization of the Internet, ISP, Network structure and architecture (layering principles, services, protocols and standards), The OSI reference model, TCP/IP protocol suite, Network devices and components. Physical Layer: Network topology design, Types of connections, Transmission media, Signal transmission and encoding, Network performance and transmission impairments, Switching techniques and multiplexing. 	08
II	Link layer: Framing, Error Detection and Correction, Flow control (Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window protocols). Medium Access Control and Local Area Networks: Channel allocation, Multiple access protocols, LAN standards, Link layer switches & bridges (learning bridge and spanning tree algorithms).	08
III	Network Layer: Point-to-point networks, Logical addressing, Basic internetworking (IP, CIDR, ARP, RARP, DHCP, ICMP), Routing, forwarding and delivery, Static and dynamic routing, Routing algorithms and protocols, Congestion control algorithms, IPv6.	08
IV	Transport Layer: Process-to-process delivery, Transport layer protocols (UDP and TCP), Multiplexing, Connection management, Flow control and retransmission, Window management, TCP Congestion control, Quality of service.	08
V	Application Layer: Domain Name System, World Wide Web and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol, Electronic mail, File Transfer Protocol, Remote login, Network management, Data compression, Cryptography – basic concepts.	08
1. Behro 2. Andre 3. Willia 4. Kuros 5. Peters	oks and References: ^{buz} Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", McGraw Hill ^{bux} Tanenbaum "Computer Networks", Prentice Hall. ^{bux} Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", Pearson. ^{bux} and Ross, "Computer Networking- A Top-Down Approach", Pearson. ^{bux} on and Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", Morgan Kaufmann ^{bux} Shay, "Understanding Communications and Networks", Cengage Learning. mer, "Computer Networks and Internets", Pearson.	

Big Data(KCS-061)		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Demonstrate knowledge of Big Data Analytics concepts and its applications in business.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Demonstrate functions and components of Map Reduce Framework and HDFS.	K ₁ ,K ₂
CO 3	Discuss Data Management concepts in NoSQL environment.	K_6
CO 4	Explain process of developing Map Reduce based distributed processing applications.	K ₂ ,K ₅
CO 5	Explain process of developing applications using HBASE, Hive, Pig etc.	K ₂ ,K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lectures
I	Introduction to Big Data : Types of digital data, history of Big Data innovation, introduction to Big Data platform, drivers for Big Data, Big Data architecture and characteristics, 5 Vs of Big Data, Big Data technology components, Big Data importance and applications, Big Data features – security, compliance, auditing and protection, Big Data privacy and ethics, Big Data Analytics, Challenges of conventional systems, intelligent data analysis, nature of data, analytic processes and tools, analysis vs reporting, modern data analytic tools.	06
Ш	 Hadoop: History of Hadoop, Apache Hadoop, the Hadoop Distributed File System, components of Hadoop, data format, analyzing data with Hadoop, scaling out, Hadoop streaming, Hadoop pipes, Hadoop Echo System. Map Reduce: Map Reduce framework and basics, how Map Reduce works, developing a Map Reduce application, unit tests with MR unit, test data and local tests, anatomy of a Map Reduce job run, failures, job scheduling, shuffle and sort, task execution, Map Reduce types, input formats, output formats, Map Reduce features, Real-world Map Reduce 	08
ш	HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System): Design of HDFS, HDFS concepts, benefits and challenges, file sizes, block sizes and block abstraction in HDFS, data replication, how does HDFS store, read, and write files, Java interfaces to HDFS, command line interface, Hadoop file system interfaces, data flow, data ingest with Flume and Scoop, Hadoop archives, Hadoop I/O: compression, serialization, Avro and file-based data structures. Hadoop Environment: Setting up a Hadoop cluster, cluster specification, cluster setup and installation, Hadoop configuration, security in Hadoop, administering Hadoop, HDFS monitoring & maintenance, Hadoop benchmarks, Hadoop in the cloud	08
IV	 Hadoop Eco System and YARN: Hadoop ecosystem components, schedulers, fair and capacity, Hadoop 2.0 New Features - NameNode high availability, HDFS federation, MRv2, YARN, Running MRv1 in YARN. NoSQL Databases: Introduction to NoSQL MongoDB: Introduction, data types, creating, updating and deleing documents, querying, introduction to indexing, capped collections Spark: Installing spark, spark applications, jobs, stages and tasks, Resilient Distributed Databases, anatomy of a Spark job run, Spark on YARN SCALA: Introduction, classes and objects, basic types and operators, built-in control structures, functions and closures, inheritance. 	09
V	Hadoop Eco System Frameworks : Applications on Big Data using Pig, Hive and HBase Pig - Introduction to PIG, Execution Modes of Pig, Comparison of Pig with Databases,	09

Hive - A	pache Hive architecture and installation, Hive shell, Hive services, Hive
metastore,	comparison with traditional databases, HiveQL, tables, querying data and user
defined fur	nctions, sorting and aggregating, Map Reduce scripts, joins & subqueries.
	Hoase concepts, clients, example, Hoase vs RDBMS, advanced usage, schema
design, adv	vance indexing, Zookeeper – how it helps in monitoring a cluster, how to build
application	s with Zookeeper.
	Data strategy, introduction to Infosphere, BigInsights and Big Sheets,
	n to Big SQL.
Text books and Refe	
1. Michael Min	elli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business
	and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley
0	ck Book, DT Editorial Services, Wiley
	, Chris Eaton, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, Tom Deutsch, "Understanding Big Data Analytics for
	ass Hadoop and Streaming Data", McGrawHill.
4. Thomas Erl,	Wajid Khattak, Paul Buhler, "Big Data Fundamentals: Concepts, Drivers and Techniques", Prentice
Hall.	
	"Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications (WILEY
6	ies)", John Wiley & Sons
	nga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Science & Analytics: A HandsOn Approach ", VPT
	aman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", CUP
	"Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly.
	, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilly.
	"Hadoop in Action", MANNING Publishers
-	ra, "Practical Hadoop Ecosystem: A Definitive Guide to Hadoop-Related Frameworks and Tools",
Apress	D. Wampler and I. Butharden "Programming Hive" O'Bailly
	D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilly "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly.
	'Programming Pig", O'Reilly.
-	hold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer
15. Whender Dert	nora, Davia s. Huma, Intelligent Data Anarysis, Springer

- 16. Bill Franks, "Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics", John Wiley & sons
- Glenn J. Myatt, "Making Sense of Data", John Wiley & Sons
 Pete Warden, "Big Data Glossary", O'Reilly

	Image Processing (KCS-062)		
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be	able:	
CO 1	Explain the basic concepts of two-dimensional signal acquisi	tion, sampling,	K ₁ , K ₂
corrquantization and color model.CO 2Apply image processing techniques for image enhancement in both the spatial and		K ₂ , K ₃	
CO 3	frequency domains.Apply and compare image restoration techniques in both spa	tial and fraguancy domain	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	Compare edge based and region based segmentation algorith		K_2, K_3 K_3, K_4
CO 5	Explain compression techniques and descriptors for image pr		K ₂ , K ₃
000	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
Ι	DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS: Steps in Digital Image Proc Elements of Visual Perception – Image Sensing and Acquisition – Ima Quantization – Relationships between pixels – Color image fundament Two-dimensional mathematical preliminaries, 2D transforms – DFT, I	ge Sampling and tals – RGB, HSI models,	08
п	IMAGE ENHANCEMENT: Spatial Domain: Gray level transformations – Histogram processing – Smoothing and Sharpening Spatial Filtering, Frequency Domain: Intro Transform– Smoothing and Sharpening frequency domain filters – Ide filters, Homomorphic filtering, Color image enhancement.	duction to Fourier	08
ш	IMAGE RESTORATION: Image Restoration – degradation model, Properties, Noise models – M – Adaptive filters – Band reject Filters – Band pass Filters – Notch Fil Filtering – Inverse Filtering – Wiener filtering		08
IV	IMAGE SEGMENTATION: Edge detection, Edge linking via Hough transform – Thresholding – R Region growing – Region splitting and merging – Morphological proc Segmentation by morphological watersheds – basic concepts – Dam co	essing- erosion and dilation,	08
v	segmentation algorithm. IMAGE COMPRESSION AND RECOGNITION: Need for data compression, Huffman, Run Length Encoding, Shift cod standard, MPEG. Boundary representation, Boundary description, Fou Descriptors – Topological feature, Texture – Patterns and Pattern class matching.	rier Descriptor, Regional	08
2. Anil F 3. Kenne 4. Rafae Inc., 2 5. D,E. I Refere 6. Willia	l C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods,Digital Image Processing Pearson, T K. Jain,Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing Pearson, 2002. eth R. Castleman,Digital Image Processing Pearson, 2006. l C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins,Digital Image Proces	sing using MATLAB Pearson l ng Prentice Hall Professional 7	Fechnical

	Real Time System (KCS-063)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able:	
CO 1	illustrate the need and the challenges in the design of hard and soft real time systems.	K ₃
CO 2		K_4
CO 3		K ₃
CO 4	Compare and contrast different real time communication and medium access control techniques.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 5	Analyze real time Operating system and Commercial databases	K ₂ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction Definition, Typical Real Time Applications: Digital Control, High Level Controls, Signal Processing etc., Release Times, Deadlines, and Timing Constraints, Hard Real Time Systems and Soft Real Time Systems, Reference Models for Real Time Systems: Processors and Resources, Temporal Parameters of Real Time Workload, Periodic Task Model, Precedence Constraints and Data Dependency.	05
П	Real Time Scheduling Common Approaches to Real Time Scheduling: Clock Driven Approach, Weighted Round Robin Approach, Priority Driven Approach, Dynamic Versus Static Systems, Optimality of Effective- DeadlineFirst (EDF) and Least-Slack-Time-First (LST) Algorithms, Rate Monotonic Algorithm, Offline Versus Online Scheduling, Scheduling Aperiodic and Sporadic jobs in Priority Driven and Clock Driven Systems.	09
Ш	Resources Sharing Effect of Resource Contention and Resource Access Control (RAC), Non-preemptive Critical Sections, Basic Priority-Inheritance and Priority-Ceiling Protocols, Stack Based Priority-Ceiling Protocol, Use of Priority-Ceiling Protocol in Dynamic Priority Systems, Preemption Ceiling Protocol, Access Control in Multiple-Unit Resources, Controlling Concurrent Accesses to Data Objects.	09
IV	Real Time Communication Basic Concepts in Real time Communication, Soft and Hard RT Communication systems, Model of Real Time Communication, Priority-Based Service and Weighted Round-Robin Service Disciplines for Switched Networks, Medium Access Control Protocols for Broadcast Networks, Internet and Resource Reservation Protocols	09
VReal Time Operating Systems and Databases Features of RTOS, Time Services, UNIX as RTOS, POSIX Issues, Characteristic of Temporal data, Temporal Consistency, Concurrency Control, Overview of Commercial Real Time databases		08
	 Real Time Systems by Jane W. S. Liu, Pearson Education Publication. Phillip A Laplanta, SeppoJ. Ovaska Real time System Design and Analysis Tools for practitioner, Mall Rajib, "Real Time Systems", Pearson Education Albert M. K. Cheng, "Real-Time Systems: Scheduling, Analysis, and Verification", Wiley. 	Wiley

	Data Compression (KCS-064)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Describe the evolution and fundamental concepts of Data Compression and Coding Techniques.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Apply and compare different static coding techniques (Huffman & Arithmetic coding) for text	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 3	Apply and compare different dynamic coding techniques (Dictionary Technique) for text	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	Evaluate the performance of predictive coding technique for Image Compression.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Apply and compare different Quantization Techniques for Image Compression.	K ₂ ,K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Compression Techniques: Loss less compression, Lossy Compression, Measures of performance, Modeling and coding, Mathematical Preliminaries for Lossless compression: A brief introduction to information theory, Models: Physical models, Probability models, Markov models, composite source model, Coding: uniquely decodable codes, Prefix codes.	08
II	The Huffman coding algorithm: Minimum variance Huffman codes, Adaptive Huffman coding: Update procedure, Encoding procedure, Decoding procedure. Golomb codes, Rice codes, Tunstall codes, Applications of Hoffman coding: Loss less image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression.	08
Ш	Coding a sequence, Generating a binary code, Comparison of Binary and Huffman coding, Applications: Bi-level image compression-The JBIG standard, JBIG2, Image compression. Dictionary Techniques: Introduction, Static Dictionary: Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary. The LZ77 Approach, The LZ78 Approach, Applications: File Compression-UNIX compress, Image Compression: The Graphics Interchange Format (GIF), Compression over Modems: V.42 bits, Predictive Coding: Prediction with Partial match (ppm): The basic algorithm, The ESCAPE SYMBOL, length of context, The Exclusion Principle, The Burrows-Wheeler Transform: Moveto- front coding, CALIC, JPEG-LS, Multi-resolution Approaches, Facsimile Encoding, Dynamic Markoy Compression.	08
IV	Distortion criteria, Models, Scalar Ouantization: The Quantization problem, Uniform Quantizer, Adaptive Quantization, Non uniform Quantization.	08
V	Advantages of Vector Quantization over Scalar Quantization, The Linde-Buzo-Gray Algorithm, Tree structured Vector Quantizers. Structured VectorQuantizers.	08
2. Elem 3. Introc 4.Data (oks: d Sayood, Introduction to Data Compression, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers ents of Data Compression,Drozdek, Cengage Learning duction to Data Compression, Second Edition, Khalid Sayood,The Morgan aufmann Series Compression: The Complete Reference 4th Edition byDavid Salomon, Springer Compression1st Edition by Timothy C. Bell Prentice Hall	

	Software Engineering Lab (KCS-661)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	el (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Identify ambiguities, inconsistencies and incompleteness from a requirements specification and state functional and non-functional requirement	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 2	Identify different actors and use cases from a given problem statement and draw use case diagram to associate use cases with different types of relationship	K ₃ , K ₅
CO 3	Draw a class diagram after identifying classes and association among them	K4, K5
CO 4	Graphically represent various UML diagrams , and associations among them and identify the logical sequence of activities undergoing in a system, and represent them pictorially	K4, K5
CO 5	Able to use modern engineering tools for specification, design, implementation and testing	K ₃ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	
For any give	ven case/ problem statement do the following;	
	a SRS document in line with the IEEE recommended standards.	
	e use case diagram and specify the role of each of the actors. Also state the precondition, post	
	n and function of each use case.	
	e activity diagram.	
•	the classes. Classify them as weak and strong classes and draw the class diagram.	
	e sequence diagram for any two scenarios.	
	e collaboration diagram.	
	e state chart diagram. e component diagram.	
	forward engineering in java. (Model to code conversion)	
	n reverse engineering in java. (Code to Model conversion) 11. Draw the deployment diagram.	
	Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manne	er
It is	also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (Open Office , Li	
Juni	t, Open Project , GanttProject , dotProject, AgroUML, StarUML etc.)	

Software Engineering Lab (KCS-661): Mapping with Virtual Lab

Name of the Lab	Name of the Experiment
	Identifying the Requirements from Problem Statements
	Estimation of Project Metrics
-	Modeling UML Use Case Diagrams and Capturing Use Case Scenarios
	E-R Modeling from the Problem Statements
Software Engineering Lab (KCS-661)	Identifying Domain Classes from the Problem Statements
Software Engineering Lab (NCS-661)	Statechart and Activity Modeling
	Modeling UML Class Diagrams and Sequence diagrams
	Modeling Data Flow Diagrams
	Estimation of Test Coverage Metrics and Structural Complexity
	Designing Test Suites

	Web Technology Lab (KC Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
	At the end of course , the student w	The able to
CO 1	Develop static web pages using HTML	K ₂ , K
CO 2	Develop Java programs for window/web-based applica	tions. K ₂ , K ₂
CO 3	Design dynamic web pages using Javascript and XML	. K ₃ , K
CO 4	Design dynamic web page using server site programmi	ing Ex. ASP/JSP/PHP K ₃ , K ₄
CO 5	Design server site applications using JDDC,ODBC and	l section tracking API K ₃ , K
	DETAILED SYLLABU	IS I
	s based on the Web Technologies. Some examples are as follow	
	ITML/Java scripts to display your CV in navigator, your Institu	te website, Department Website and Tutorial
	for specific subject n HTML program to design an entry form of student details and	d send it to store at database server like SOI
	or MS Access.	i send it to store at database server like SQL,
	rograms using Java script for Web Page to display browsers inf	formation
-	Java applet to display the Application Program screen i.e. calcu	
	program in XML for creation of DTD, which specifies set of r	
-	ument in internet explorer.	
	n to illustrate JDBC connectivity. Program for maintaining data	base by sending queries. Design and implement
-	e servlet book query with the help of JDBC & SQL. Create MS	
-	e & execute JAVA JDVC Socket.	
-	TOMCAT web server and APACHE. Access the above deve	loped static web pages for books web site, usi
	rvers by putting the web pages developed.	loped state web pages for books web site, as
	e four users user1, user2, user3 and user4 having the passwo	ords nwd1 nwd2 nwd3 and nwd4 respective
	servlet for doing the following. Create a Cookie and add thes	
	e user id and passwords entered in the Login form and authentic	1
	a database (Mysql or Oracle). Create a table which should con	
	l, phone number Write a java program/servlet/JSP to connect	
_	play them. Insert the details of the users who register with the	web site, whenever a new user clicks the subr
	n the registration page.	
11. write	a JSP which insert the details of the 3 or 4 users who regist	
A	icate the user when he submits the login form using the user na	me and password from the database
	n and implement a simple shopping cart example with session t	-

Firebug , WampServer , MongoDB, etc)

	Computer Networks Lab (KCS-66)	3)
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be	able to
CO 1	Simulate different network topologies.	K ₃ , K
CO 2	Implement various framing methods of Data Link Layer.	K ₃ , K
CO 3	Implement various Error and flow control techniques.	K ₃ , K
CO 4	Implement network routing and addressing techniques.	K ₃ , K
CO 5	Implement transport and security mechanisms	K ₃ , K
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	
 Create a Write a Implem Applica Echo Applica Echo Study Perform 	code simulating PING and TRACEROUTE commands a socket for HTTP for web page upload and download. program to implement RPC (Remote Procedure Call) entation of Subnetting . tions using TCP Sockets like client and echo server b. Chat c. File Transfer tions using TCP and UDP Sockets like d. DNS e. SNMP f. File Tran of Network simulator (NS).and Simulation of Congestion Control Al m a case study about the different routing algorithms to select the net ical during data transfer. i. Link State routing ii. Flooding iii. Distance	gorithms using NS work path with its optimum and
12. To lear	rn handling and configuration of networking hardware like RJ-45 con	nector, CAT-6 cable, crimping tool, etc.
13. Config	uration of router, hub, switch etc. (using real devices or simulators)	
14. Runnii	ng and using services/commands like ping, traceroute, nslookup, arp,	telnet, ftp, etc.
15.Networ	k packet analysis using tools like Wireshark, tcpdump, etc.	
16. Netwo	rk simulation using tools like Cisco Packet Tracer, NetSim, OMNeT	++, NS2, NS3, etc.
17.Socket	programming using UDP and TCP (e.g., simple DNS, data & time cl	ient/server, echo client/server, iterative &
aonau	rrent servers)	

It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (C , C++ , Java , NS3, Mininet, Opnet, TCP Dump, Wireshark etc.

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Open Electives to be offered by the CSE/CS/IT/CSI Branches

	Open Elective-1
KOE-067	Basics of Data Base Management System
KOE-068	Software Project Management

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	Basics of Data Base Management System (KOE-0	67)	
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowled (KL)	lge Level
	At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Describe the features of a database system and its application and compare data models.	are various types of	K ₂
CO 2	Construct an ER Model for a given problem and transform it into a relati schema.	on database	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 3	Formulate solution to a query problem using SQL Commands, relational calculus and domain calculus.	algebra, tuple	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 4	Explain the need of normalization and normalize a given relation to the desired	normal form.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Explain different approaches of transaction processing and concurrency control	l.	K_2
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
I	 Introduction: An overview of database management system, database system, database system concepts and architecture, views of data – le data models, schema and instances, data independence, database langua data definition languages, DML, overall database structure, transaction management, database users and administrator. Data Modeling using the Entity Relationship Model: ER model con ER diagram, mapping constraints, keys, concepts of super key, candidate generalization, aggregation, reduction of an ER diagrams to tables, ex relationships of higher degree. 	vels of abstraction, ages and interfaces, management, storage neepts, notation for e key, primary key,	08
Ш	 Relational Database Concepts: Introduction to relational database, relastructure, relational model terminology – domains, attributes, tuples, reladatabase schema, integrity constraints, entity integrity, referential integrit constraints, domain constraints, Relational algebra - relational calculus, to calculus, basic operations – selection and projection, set-theoretic operations. Data Base Design & Normalization: Functional dependencies, normal second, & third normal forms, BCNF, inclusion dependence, loss less jo normalization using FD, MVD, and JDs, alternative approaches to database 	tions & relational ty, keys tuple and domain ions, join forms, first, in decompositions,	08
ш	Structured Query Language (SQL): Basics of SQL, DDL, DML, I SQL, SQL data type and literals, types of SQL commands, SQL or procedure, tables – creation & alteration, defining constraints, views and sub queries, aggregate functions, built-in functions, insert, or	operators and their nd indexes, queries	08

	operations, joins, unions, intersection, minus, transaction control commands. PL/SQL: Introduction, features, syntax and constructs, SQL within Pl/SL, DML in PL/SQL Cursors, stored procedures, stored function, database triggers, indices	
IV	 Transaction Processing Concepts: Transaction concepts, properties of transaction, testing of serializability, Serializability of schedules, conflict & view serializable schedule, recoverability, recovery from transaction failures, two-phase commit protocol, log based recovery, checkpoints, deadlock handling. Concurrency Control Techniques: Concurrency control, locking techniques for concurrency control, time stamping protocols for concurrency control, validation based protocol, multiple granularity, multi-version schemes, recovery with concurrent transaction. 	08
v	 Database Security – Types of security, system failure, backup & recovery techniques, authorization & authentication, system policies, levels of security – physical, OS, network & DBMS, privileges – grant & revoke. Recent Trends in Database Management Systems: Centralized and Client-Server Architectures, Distributed Databases, Object-Oriented Database, Spatial & Temporal Databases, Decision Support Systems, Data Analysis, Data Mining & Warehousing, Data Visualization, Mobile Databases, OODB & XML Databases, Multimedia & Web Databases, Spatial and Geographical Databases, Web and Mobile Databases, Active Databases 	08
Text	Books and References:	
1	Elmasri, Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database System", Addision Wesley.	
2		
3	-	
4		
5	Date C.J., "An Introduction to Database System", Addision Wesley.	
6	Ramakrishnan, Gehrke, "Database Management System", McGraw Hill.	
7		
8	Paul Beynon Davies, "Database System", Palgrave Macmillan.	
9	Bharti P.K., "An Introduction to Database Systems", JPNP.	
1	0. Rajesh Narang, "Database Management System", PHI.	
1	1. Singh, S.K., "Database System Concepts – design & application", Pearson Education.	
1	2. Leon & Leon, "Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House.	
1	3. O'Neil, "Databases", Elsevier Pub.	
	4. Ivan Bayross, "SQL, PL/SQL – The Programming Language of Oracle", BPB Publications.	
	5. P.S. Deshpande, "SQL and PL/SQL for Oracle 10g, Black Book", Dreamtech Press.	
	6. George Koch, Kevin Loney, "Oracle: The Complete Reference", McGraw Hill	
1	7. Coronel, Morris and Rob, "Database Principles: Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Manage	ement",
1	Cengage Learning.	
	 Gillenson, Paulraj Ponniah, "Introduction to Database Management", Wiley. G. K. Gupta, "Database Management Systems", McGraw Hill. 	
). Shraman Shah, "Oracle for Professional", SPD.	
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	Software Project Management (KOE-068)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge	Level (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able :	
CO 1	Identify project planning objectives, along with various cost/effort estimation models.	K ₃
CO 2	2 Organize & schedule project activities to compute critical path for risk analysis.	
CO 3	Monitor and control project activities.	K4, K5
CO 4	Formulate testing objectives and test plan to ensure good software quality under SEI-CMM.	K ₆
CO 5	Configure changes and manage risks using project management tools.	K ₂ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	portfolio Management – Cost-benefit evaluation technology – Risk evaluation – Strategic program	
Management – Stepwise Project Planning. II Project Life Cycle and Effort Estimation : Software process and Process Models – Choice of Process models – Rapid Application development – Agile methods – Dynamic System Development Method – Extreme Programming–Managing interactive processes – Basics of Software estimation – Effort and Cost estimation techniques – COSMIC Full function points – COCOMO II – a Parametric Productivity Model.		08
III Activity Planning and Risk Management : Objectives of Activity planning – Project schedules – Activities – Sequencing and scheduling – III Network Planning models – Formulating Network Model – Forward Pass & Backward Pass techniques – Critical path (CRM) method – Risk identification – Assessment – Risk Planning –Risk Management – PERT technique – Monte Carlo simulation – Resource Allocation – Creation of critical paths – Cost schedules.		08
IV	IVProject Management and Control:IVFramework for Management and control – Collection of data – Visualizing progress – Cost monitoring – Earned Value Analysis – Prioritizing Monitoring – Project tracking – Change control – Software Configuration Management – Managing contracts – Contract Management.	
VStaffing in Software Projects : Managing people – Organizational behavior – Best methods of staff selection – Motivation – The Oldham – Hackman job characteristic model – Stress – Health and Safety – Ethical and Professional concerns – Working in teams – Decision making – Organizational structures – Dispersed and Virtual teams – Communications genres – Communication plans – Leadership.		08
Text bo		
2. 3.	Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall: Software Project Management – Fifth Edition, McGraw New Delhi, 2012. Robert K. Wysocki —Effective Software Project Management – Wiley Publication, 2011. Walker Royce: —Software Project Management- Addison-Wesley, 1998. Gopalaswamy Ramesh, —Managing Global Software Projects – McGraw Hill Education (India), Fou Reprint 2013.	

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS

FOR

OPEN ELECTIVES I (VI SEMESTER)

AS PER

AICTE MODEL CURRICULUM [Effective from the Session: 2020-21]

B.Tech. VI Semester

OPEN ELECTIVE-I

KOE060	IDEA TO BUSINESS MODEL
KOE061	REAL TIME SYSTEMS
KOE062	EMBEDDED SYSTEM
KOE063	INTRODUCTION TO MEMS
KOE064	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING
KOE065	COMPUTER BASED NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES
KOE066	GIS & REMOTE SENSING
KOE067	BASICS OF DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
KOE068	SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT
KOE069	*UNDERSTANDING THE HUMAN BEING COMPREHENSIVELY- HUMAN ASPIRATIONS AND ITS FULFILLMENT

NOTE:

- 1. The Student shall choose an open Elective Subject from the list of open elective courses in such a manner that he/she has not studied the same course in any form during the degree programme.
- 2. The students shall choose an Open Elective course from the prescribed list of open elective courses available at University website for 3rd year (2020-21) in such a manner that he/she has not studied the same subject or allied subject in any semester during the entire degree program.
- 3. Subject to aforesaid condition, the open Elective courses may be offered from the department to all students irrespective of branch. There is no restriction related to branch. The students of any branch (irrespective of department) can select the open elective subjects from the prescribed list of open elective courses.
- 4. * It is mandatory that for subjects (KOE069) only trained Faculty (who had done the FDP for these courses) will teach the courses.

KOE-060 IDEA TO BUSINESS MODEL

Course Objectives:

- 1. This course can motivate students to have an overall idea how to start and sustain a business enterprise.
- 2. The students will learn basics of choosing an idea of a business model.
- 3. The core areas of choosing a business model are encompassed with Entrepreneurship development, PPC & communication system. The students will thus develop basic competencies how to run a business enterprise.

Unit	Topics	Lectures
Ι	Introduction Search for a business idea- How to choose an idea- Product idea- selection of product- The adoption process- Product innovation- Production , planning and development strategy- New product idea.	8
II	Introduction to Entrepreneurship - Meaning and concept of entrepreneurship- Difference between Entrepreneurship & wage employment - Functions of an Entrepreneur Entrepreneur vs Manager- role of entrepreneurship in economic development – Barriers to entrepreneurship.	8
III	The Entrepreneur - types of entrepreneurs- Competencies required to become an entrepreneur - Creative and Design Thinking, the entrepreneurial decision process- The process of Entrepreneurial development prog (EDP)- Evaluation of EDP - Entrepreneur development training.	
IV	Production system- Design of production system- Types of production system- Production, planning & control (PPC) - Steps of PPC.	8
V	Communication- Importance of communication system - barriers to communication - listening to people- the power of talk - personal selling - risk taking & resilience - negotiation.	8

Text Books:

- 1. Entrepreneurship Development- Sangeeta Sharma, Kindle edition
- 2. Production & operations Management- Kanishka Bedi,
- 3. Marketing Management- Philip Kotler.
- 4. The Business Model Book: Design, build and adapt business ideas that drive business growth: Adam Bock , Gerard George

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to:

- 1. Enhance creative knowledge of students regarding selection of a business idea and it's implementation process.
- 2. Acquire knowledge on entrepreneurship development, its Pro's and con's.
- 3. Acquire basic knowledge on how to become an Entrepreneur.
- 4. Develop knowledge on Production systems and it's sustainability through production, planning and control (PPC)
- 5. Develop appropriate business model and apply in a better way.

KOE-061 REAL TIME SYSTEMS

Unit	Topics	Lectures
Ι	Introduction Definition, Typical Real Time Applications: Digital Control, High Level Controls, Signal Processing etc., Release Times, Dead-lines, and Timing Constraints, Hard Real Time Systems and Soft Real Time Systems, Reference Models for Real Time Systems: Processors and Resources, Temporal Parameters of Real Time Workload, Periodic Task Model, Precedence Constraints and Data Dependency.	8
II	Real Time Scheduling Common Approaches to Real Time Scheduling: Clock Driven Approach, Weighted Round Robin Approach, Priority Driven Approach, Dynamic Versus Static Systems, Optimality of Effective-Deadline-First (EDF) and Least-Slack-Time-First (LST) Algorithms, Rate Monotonic Algorithm, Offline Versus Online Scheduling, Scheduling Aperiodic and Sporadic jobs in Priority Driven and Clock Driven Systems.	8
III	Resources Sharing Effect of Resource Contention and Resource Access Control (RAC), Non- preemptive Critical Sections, Basic Priority-Inheritance and Priority-Ceiling Protocols, Stack Based Priority- Ceiling Protocol, Use of Priority-Ceiling Protocol in Dynamic Priority Systems, Preemption Ceiling Protocol, Access Control in Multiple-Module Resources, Controlling Concurrent Accesses to Data Objects.	8
IV	Real Time Communication Basic Concepts in Real time Communication, Soft and Hard RT Communication systems, Model of Real Time Communication, Priority- Based Service and Weighted Round-Robin Service Disciplines for Switched Networks, Medium Access Control Protocols for Broadcast Networks, Internet and Resource Reservation Protocols.	
V	Real Time Operating Systems and Databases Features of RTOS, Time Services, UNIX as RTOS, POSIX Issues, Characteristic of Temporal data, Temporal Consistency, Con-currency Control, Overview of Commercial Real Time databases.	8

Text Books:

1. Real Time Systems – Jane W. S. Liu, Pearson Education Publication.

Reference Books:

- 1. Real Time Systems Mall Rajib, Pearson Education
- 2. Real-Time Systems: Scheduling, Analysis, and Verification Albert M. K. Cheng, Wiley.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to:

- 1. Describe concepts of Real-Time systems and modeling.
- 2. Recognize the characteristics of a real-time system in context with real time scheduling.
- 3. Classify various resource sharing mechanisms and their related protocols.
- 4. Interpret the basics of real time communication by the knowledge of real time models and protocols.
- 5. Apply the basics of RTOS in interpretation of real time systems.

KOE-062 EMBEDDED SYSTEM

COURSE OBJECTIVE: *After completion of the course student will be able to:*

- 1. Attain the knowledge of embedded system and its development environment.
- 2. Gain the knowledge of RTOS based embedded system design and its applications.

COURSE OUTCOME: *After completion of the course student will be able to:*

- **CO1:** Understand the basics of embedded system and its structural units.
- **CO3:** Analyze the embedded system specification and develop software programs.
- **CO3:** Evaluate the requirements of the programming embedded systems, related software architecture.
- CO3: Understand the RTOS based embedded system design.
- **CO3:** Understand all the applications of the embedded system and designing issues.

KOE-062 EMBEDDED SYSTEM		
Unit	Торіс	Lectures
1	Introduction to Embedded Systems: Introduction to Embedded Systems – The build process for embedded systems- Structural units in Embedded processor, selection of processor & memory devices- DMA – Memory management methods- Timer and Counting devices, Watchdog Timer, Real Time Clock, In circuit emulator, Target Hardware Debugging.	8
2	Embedded Networking: Embedded Networking: Introduction, I/O Device Ports & Buses– Serial Bus communication protocols – RS232 standard – RS422 – RS485 – CAN Bus -Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) – Inter Integrated Circuits (I2C) –need for device drivers.	8
3	Embedded Firmware Development Environment: Embedded Product Development Life Cycle objectives, different phases of EDLC, Modelling of EDLC; issues in Hardware-software Co-design, Data Flow Graph, state machine model, Sequential Program Model, concurrent Model, object oriented Model.	8
4	RTOS Based Embedded System Design: Introduction to basic concepts of RTOS- Task, process & threads, interrupt routines in RTOS, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Preemptive and non preemptive scheduling, Task communication shared memory, message passing-, Inter process Communication – synchronization between processes-semaphores, Mailbox, pipes, priority inversion, priority inheritance, comparison of Real time Operating systems: Vx Works, 4C/OS-II, RT Linux.	8
5	Embedded System Application Development: Design issues and techniques Case Study of Washing Machine- Automotive Application- Smart card System Application.	8

Text Books:

- 1. Wayne Wolf, "Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computer System Design", Elsevier, 2006.
- 2. Michael J. Pont, "Embedded C", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Steve Heath, "Embedded System Design", Elsevier, 2005.
- 4. Muhammed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi and Rolin D. McKinlay, "The 8051
- 5. Microcontroller and Embedded Systems", Pearson Education, Second edition, 2007.

KOE-063 INTRODUCTION TO MEMS

COURSE OBJECTIVE: *After completion of the course student will be able to:*

- 1. Understand the Basic concept of MEMS, Mechanics of Beam and Diaphragm Structures, Air Damping and Electrostatic Actuation.
- 2. Know the knowledge of Thermal Effects and the Applications of MEMS in RF.

COURSE OUTCOME: *After completion of the course student will be able to:*

- CO1: Understand the Basic concept of MEMS Fabrication Technologies, Piezoresistance Effect, Piezorelectricity, Piezoresistive Sensor.
- CO2: Explain Mechanics of Beam and Diaphragm Structures.
- CO3: Understand the Basic concept of Air Damping and Basic Equations for Slide-film Air Damping, Couette-flow Model, Stokes-flow Model.
- CO4: Know the concept of Electrostatic Actuation.
- CO5: Understand the applications of MEMS in RF

KOE-063 INTRODUCTION TO MEMS		
Unit	Торіс	Lectures
1	Introduction to MEMS: MEMS Fabrication Technologies, Materials and Substrates for MEMS, Processes for Micromachining, Characteristics, Sensors/Transducers, Piezoresistance Effect, Piezoelectricity, Piezoresistive Sensor.	8
2	Mechanics of Beam and Diaphragm Structures: Stress and Strain, Hooke's Law. Stress and Strain of Beam Structures: Stress, Strain in a Bent Beam, Bending Moment and the Moment of Inertia, Displacement of Beam Structures Under Weight, Bending of Cantilever Beam Under Weight.	8
3	Air Damping: Drag Effect of a Fluid: Viscosity of a Fluid, Viscous Flow of a Fluid, Drag Force Damping, The Effects of Air Damping on Micro-Dynamics. Squeeze-film Air Damping: Reynolds' Equations for Squeeze-film Air Damping, Damping of Perforated Thick Plates. Slide-film Air Damping: Basic Equations for Slide-film Air Damping, Couette-flow Model, Stokes-flow Model.	8
4	Electrostatic Actuation: Electrostatic Forces, Normal Force, Tangential Force, Fringe Effects, Electrostatic Driving of Mechanical Actuators: Parallel-plate Actuator, Capacitive sensors. Step and Alternative Voltage Driving: Step Voltage Driving, Negative Spring Effect and Vibration Frequency.	8
5	Thermal Effects:Temperature coefficient of resistance, Thermo-electricity, Thermocouples, Thermaland temperature sensors.Applications of MEMS in RFMEMS Resonator Design Considerations, One-Port Micromechanical ResonatorModelingVerticalDisplacementTwo-PortMicromechanical ResonatorLimitations.	8

Text & Reference Books:

- 1. G. K. Ananthasuresh, K. J. Vinoy, S. Gopalakrishnan, K. N. Bhat and V. K. Atre, "Micro and smart systems", Wiley India, 2010.
- 2. S.M. Sze, "Semiconductor Sensors", John Wiley & Sons Inc., Wiley Interscience Pub.
- 3. M.J. Usher, "Sensors and Transducers", McMillian Hampshire.
- 4. RS Muller, Howe, Senturia and Smith, "Micro sensors", IEEE Press.

KOE-064 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

COURSE OBJECTIVE: After completion of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the Basic concept of Object Orientation, object identity and Encapsulation.
- 2. Know the knowledge of Basic Structural Modeling, Object Oriented Analysis and C++ Basics.

COURSE OUTCOME: After completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the Basic concept of Object Orientation, object identity and Encapsulation.
- CO2: Understand the Basic concept of Basic Structural Modeling.
- CO3: Know the knowledge of Object oriented design, Object design.
- CO4: Know the knowledge of C++ Basics.
- CO5: Understand the Basics of object and class in C++.

KOE-064 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING		
Unit	Торіс	Lectures
1	Introduction: The meaning of Object Orientation, object identity, Encapsulation, information hiding, polymorphism, generosity, importance of modelling, principles of modelling, object oriented modelling, Introduction to UML, conceptual model of the UML, Architecture.	8
2	Basic Structural Modeling: Classes, Relationships, common Mechanisms, and diagrams. Class &Object Diagrams: Terms, concepts, modelling techniques for Class & Object Diagrams. Collaboration Diagrams: Terms, Concepts, depicting a message, polymorphism in collaboration Diagrams, iterated messages, use of self in messages. Sequence Diagrams: Terms, concepts, depicting asynchronous messages with/without priority, call-back mechanism, broadcast messages. Basic Behavioural Modeling: Use cases, Use case Diagrams, Activity Diagrams, State Machine , Process and thread, Event and signals, Time diagram, interaction diagram, Package diagram. Architectural Modeling: Component, Deployment, Component diagrams and Deployment diagrams	8
3	Object Oriented Analysis: Object oriented design, Object design, Combining three models, Designing algorithms, design optimization, Implementation of control, Adjustment of inheritance, Object representation, Physical packaging, Documenting design considerations. Structured analysis and structured design (SA/SD), Jackson Structured Development (JSD).Mapping object oriented concepts using non-object oriented language, Translating classes into data structures, Passing arguments to methods, Implementing inheritance, associations encapsulation. Object oriented programming style: reusability, extensibility, robustness, programming in the large. Procedural v/s OOP, Object oriented language features. Abstraction and Encapsulation.	8
4	C++ Basics : Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers, variables, constants, enum, operators, typecasting, control structures C++ Functions : Simple functions, Call and Return by reference, Inline functions, Macro Vs. Inline functions, Overloading of functions, default arguments, friend functions, virtual functions	8
5	Objects and Classes : Basics of object and class in C++, Private and public members, static data and function members, constructors and their types, destructors, operator overloading, type conversion. Inheritance : Concept of Inheritance, types of inheritance: single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, hybrid, protected members, overriding, virtual base class Polymorphism : Pointers in C++, Pointes and Objects, this pointer, virtual and pure virtual functions, Implementing polymorphism	8

Text Books:

- 1. James Rumbaugh et. al, "Object Oriented Modeling and Design", PHI
- 2. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, "The Unified Modeling Language User Guide", Pearson Education
- 3. Object Oriented Programming with C++, E Balagurusamy, TMH

Reference Books:

- 1. R. S. Salaria, Mastering Object Oriented Programming with C++, Khanna Publishing House
- 2. C++ Programming, Black Book, Steven Holzner, dreamtech
- 3. Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Robert Lafore, Galgotia
- 4. Object Oriented Programming with ANSI and Turbo C++, Ashok Kamthane, Pearson
- 5. The Compete Reference C++, Herbert Schlitz, TMH
- 6. C++ and Object Oriented Programming Paradigm, PHI
- 7. C++ : How to Program, 9th Edition, Deitel and Deitel, PHI

KOE 065: COMPUTER BASED NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to familiarize the graduate engineers with techniques in errors, approximations, approximates roots, Interpolation, finite differences, numerical differentiation and integration programming, numerical solution of differential equations and boundary value problems. It aims to equip the students with standard concepts and tools from previously gained knowledge to an advanced level that will enable them to tackle more advanced level of Optimization techniques and applications that they would find useful in their disciplines.

The students will learn:

- To apply the knowledge of errors, roots and application in the field of engineering.
- To deal deals with finite differences and interpolation to solve engineering problems involving complicated real life situations etc.
- To deal with numerical integration and differentiation that is required in different branches of Engineering to graduate engineers for applying more difficult problems in case of complex structures.
- To deals with numerical solution of differential Equations for engineering problems involving real life situations etc.
- To deal with boundary value problems of real life systems and Engineers.

KOE 065 COMPUTER BASED NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES		
Unit	Торіс	Lectures
1	Error and roots of Algrabraic and Transcendental Equations: Introduction of Numbers and their accuracy, Computer Arithmetic, Mathematical preliminaries, Errors and their Computation, General error formula, Error in a series approximation. Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equation: Bisection Method, Iteration method, Method of false position, Newton-Raphson method, Methods of finding real and complex roots, Muller's method, Rate of convergence of Iterative methods, Polynomial Equations.	8
2	Interpolation: Introduction Finite Differences, Difference tables Polynomial Interpolation: Newton's forward and backward formula Central Difference Formulae: Gauss forward and backward formula, Stirling's, Bessel's, Everett's formula. Interpolation with unequal intervals: Lagrange's Interpolation, Newton Divided difference formula, Hermite's Interpolation.	8
3	Numerical Integration and Differentiation : Introduction: Numerical differentiation of Newton's forward and backward formula, Stirling's, Bessel's, Everett's formula, Lagrange's Interpolation and Newton Divided difference formula. Numerical Integration : Newton cotes formula, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rules, Boole's rule, Waddle's rule.	8
4	Solution of differential Equations: Introduction, Picard's Method, Euler's Method, Taylor's Method, Runge-Kutta Methods, Predictor Corrector Methods, Automatic Error Monitoring and Stability of solution.	8
5	Boundary Value problems: Introduction, Finite difference method, solving Eigen value problems, polynomial method and power methods. Numerical solution of Partial Differential equations. Elliptic, Parabolic and hyperbolic PDEs. Distillation in a Plate Column, Unsteady-state Operation, Starting a Stirred-tank Reactor, Rate at which a Plate Absorber Approaches Steady State.	8

Note: PS: Practice session: Students should practice the Flow Charts and algorithm of some important programs

Text Books:

- 1. Jain, Iyengar and Jain, "Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations", New Age International.
- 2. Grewal B S, "Numerical methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, Delhi.

Reference Books

- 1. Rajaraman V, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Pearson Education
- 2. T Veerarajan, T Ramachandran, "Theory and Problems in Numerical Methods, McGraw Hill
- 3. Pradip Niyogi, Numerical Analysis and Algorithms, McGraw Hill.
- 4. Francis Scheld, Numerical Analysis, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Sastry S. S, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education.
- 6. Kiusalaas, J.: Numerical methods in engineering with MATLAB, Cambridge University Press
- 7. Woodford, C and Phillips, C: Numerical methods with worked examples: MATLAB Edition, Springer

	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
CO 1	Understand the concept of errors to evaluate approximate roots of several types of equations	K ₂ & K ₅
CO 2	Analyze the problem and evaluate data by different interpolation methods and creating interpolating graphs	K ₄ , K ₅ &K ₆
CO 3	Understand the concept of interpolation to analyze and evaluate the numerical differentiation and integration	K ₂ & K ₅
CO 4	Remember the concept of formula based the solution of ordinary differential equations to evaluate differential equations withy initial conditions	K ₁ &K ₅
CO 5	Apply the concept of partial differential equation to evaluate the partial differential equations	K ₃ & K ₅

COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

 $K_1-Remember,\ K_2-Understand,\ K_3-Apply,\ K_4-Analyze,\ K_5-Evaluate,\ K_6-Create$

KOE 066 GIS & REMOTE SENSING

COURSE OBJECTIVE: Students undergoing this course are expected to-

1. Understand about the principles of GIS, Remote Sensing, Spatial Systems, and its applications to Engineering Problems.

COURSE OUTCOME: After completion of the course student will be able to-

- CO1: Understand about the principles of Remote Sensing and its advantages and limitations.
- CO2: Retrieve the information content of remotely sensed data.
- CO3: Apply problem specific remote sensing data for engineering applications.
- CO4: Analyze spatial and attribute data for solving spatial problems.

CO5: Create GIS and cartographic outputs for presentation

KOE-066 GIS & REMOTE SENSING

Unit	Торіс	Lectures
1	Basic component of remote sensing (RS), advantages and limitations of RS, possible use of RS techniques in assessment and monitoring of land and water resources; electromagnetic spectrum, energy interactions in the atmosphere and with the Earth's surface; major atmospheric windows; principal applications of different wavelength regions; typical spectral reflectance curve for vegetation, soil and water, spectral signatures.	8
2	Different types of sensors and platforms; contrast ratio and possible causes of low contrast; aerial photography; types of aerial photographs, scale of aerial photographs, planning aerial photography- end lap and side lap; stereoscopic vision, requirements of stereoscopic photographs; air-photo interpretation- interpretation elements;	8
3	Photogrammetry- measurements on a single vertical aerial photograph, measurements on a stereo-pair- vertical measurements by the parallax method; ground control for aerial photography; satellite remote sensing, multispectral scanner- whiskbroom and push-broom scanner; different types of resolutions; analysis of digital data- image restoration; image enhancement; information extraction, image classification, unsupervised classification, supervised classification, important consideration in the identification of training areas, vegetation indices.	8
4	Microwave remote sensing. GI Sand basic components, different sources of spatial data, basic spatial entities, major components of spatial data, Basic classes of map projections and their properties.	8
5	Methods of data input into GIS, Data editing, spatial data models and structures, Attribute data management, integrating data (map overlay) in GIS, Application of remote sensing and GIS for the management of land and water resources.	8

Text & Reference Books:

- 1. Reddy Anji, M. 2006. Textbook of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems. BS Publications, Hyderabad.
- 2. Elangovan, K. 2006. GIS Fundamentals Applications and Implementations. New India Publication Agency, New Delhi.
- 3. George Joseph. 2005. Fundamentals of Remote Sensing. 2nd Edition. Universities Press (India) Private Limited, Hyderabad.
- 4. Jensen, J.R. 2013. Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective. Pearson Education Limited, UK.
- 5. Lillesand, T., R.W. Kiefer and J. Chipman. 2015. Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation. 7th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Singapore Pvt. Ltd., Singapore.
- 6. Sabins, F.F. 2007. Remote Sensing: Principles and Interpretation. Third Edition, Waveland Press Inc., Illinois, USA.

KOE-067 BASICS OF DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev		vel (KL)
At the e	nd of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Describe the features of a database system and its application types of data models.	on and compare various	K ₂
CO 2	Construct an ER Model for a given problem and transform database schema.	it into a relation	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 3	Formulate solution to a query problem using SQL Comman tuple calculus and domain calculus.	ds, relational algebra,	K5, K6
CO 4	Explain the need of normalization and normalize a given renormal form.	lation to the desired	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Explain different approaches of transaction processing and	concurrency control.	K ₂

DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit		Lecture
I	 Introduction: An overview of database management system, database system vs file system, database system concepts and architecture, views of data – levels of abstraction, data models, schema and instances, data independence, database languages and interfaces, data definition languages, DML, overall database structure, transaction management, storage management, database users and administrator. Data Modeling using the Entity Relationship Model: ER model concepts, notation for ER diagram, mapping constraints, keys, concepts of super key, candidate key, primary key, generalization, aggregation, reduction of an ER diagrams to tables, extended ER model, relationships of higher degree. 	08
Ш	 Relational Database Concepts: Introduction to relational database, relational database structure, relational model terminology – domains, attributes, tuples, relations & relational database schema, integrity constraints, entity integrity, referential integrity, keys constraints, domain constraints, Relational algebra - relational calculus, tuple and domain calculus, basic operations – selection and projection, set-theoretic operations, join operations. Data Base Design & Normalization: Functional dependencies, normal forms, first, second, & third normal forms, BCNF, inclusion dependence, loss less join decompositions, normalization using FD, MVD, and JDs, alternative approaches to database design 	08
III	Structured Query Language (SQL): Basics of SQL, DDL, DML, DCL, advantage of SQL, SQL data type and literals, types of SQL commands, SQL operators and their procedure, tables – creation & alteration, defining constraints, views and indexes, queries and sub queries, aggregate functions, built-in functions, insert, update and delete operations, joins, unions, intersection, minus, transaction control commands.	08
	PL/SQL: Introduction, features, syntax and constructs, SQL within Pl/SL, DML in PL/SQL	
IV	Cursors, stored procedures, stored function, database triggers, indices Transaction Processing Concepts: Transaction concepts, properties of transaction, testing of serializability, Serializability of schedules, conflict & view serializable schedule, recoverability, recovery from transaction failures, two-phase commit protocol, log based recovery, checkpoints, deadlock handling.	08
	Concurrency Control Techniques: Concurrency control, locking techniques for concurrency control, time stamping protocols for concurrency control, validation based protocol, multiple granularity, multi-version schemes, recovery with concurrent transaction.	

V	 Database Security – Types of security, system failure, backup & recovery techniques, authorization & authentication, system policies, levels of security – physical, OS, network & DBMS, privileges – grant & revoke. Recent Trends in Database Management Systems: Centralized and Client-Server Architectures, Distributed Databases, Object-Oriented Database, Spatial & Temporal Databases, Decision Support Systems, Data Analysis, Data Mining & Warehousing, Data Visualization, Mobile Databases, OODB & XML Databases, Multimedia & Web Databases, Spatial and Geographical Databases, Web and Mobile Databases, Active Databases 	08
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Text books:

- 1. Elmasri, Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database System", Addision Wesley.
- 2. Korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan, "Database Concepts", Mc Graw Hill.
- 3. Bipin C. Desai, "An Introduction to Database System", Galgotia Publication.
- 4. Majumdar & Bhattacharya, "Database Management System", McGraw Hill.
- 5. Date C.J., "An Introduction to Database System", Addision Wesley.
- 6. Ramakrishnan, Gehrke, "Database Management System", McGraw Hill.
- 7. Atul Kahate, "Introduction to Database Management Systems", Pearson Education.
- 8. Paul Beynon Davies, "Database System", Palgrave Macmillan.
- 9. Bharti P.K., "An Introduction to Database Systems", JPNP.
- 10. Rajesh Narang, "Database Management System", PHI.
- 11. Singh, S.K., "Database System Concepts design & application", Pearson Education.
- 12. Leon & Leon, "Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House.
- 13. O'Neil, "Databases", Elsevier Pub.
- 14. Ivan Bayross, "SQL, PL/SQL The Programming Language of Oracle", BPB Publications.
- 15. P.S. Deshpande, "SQL and PL/SQL for Oracle 10g, Black Book", Dreamtech Press.
- 16. George Koch, Kevin Loney, "Oracle: The Complete Reference", McGraw Hill.
- 17. Coronel, Morris and Rob, "Database Principles: Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management", Cengage Learning.
- 18. Gillenson, Paulraj Ponniah, "Introduction to Database Management", Wiley.
- 19. G. K. Gupta, "Database Management Systems", McGraw Hill.
- 20. Shraman Shah, "Oracle for Professional", SPD.

	KOE-068 SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT				
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Kno Level (KL)				
At the	end of course , the student will be able :				
CO 1	Identify project planning objectives, along with various cost/effort estimation models.	K ₃			
CO 2	Organize & schedule project activities to compute critical path for risk analysis.	K ₃			
CO 3	Monitor and control project activities.	K4, K5			
CO 4	Formulate testing objectives and test plan to ensure good software quality under SEI-CMM.				
CO 5	Configure changes and manage risks using project management tools.	K ₂ , K ₄			

	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0	
Unit		Lecture	
Ι	Project Evaluation and Project Planning : Importance of Software Project Management – Activities – Methodologies – Categorization of Software Projects – Setting objectives – Management Principles – Management Control – Project portfolio Management – Cost-benefit evaluation technology – Risk evaluation – Strategic program Management – Stepwise Project Planning.	08	
II	Project Life Cycle and Effort Estimation : Software process and Process Models – Choice of Process models – Rapid Application development – Agile methods – Dynamic System Development Method – Extreme Programming– Managing interactive processes – Basics of Software estimation – Effort and Cost estimation techniques – COSMIC Full function points – COCOMO II – a Parametric Productivity Model.	08	
ш	Activity Planning and Risk Management : Objectives of Activity planning – Project schedules – Activities – Sequencing and scheduling – Network Planning models – Formulating Network Model – Forward Pass & Backward Pass techniques – Critical path (CRM) method – Risk identification – Assessment – Risk Planning – Risk Management – PERT technique – Monte Carlo simulation – Resource Allocation – Creation of critical paths – Cost schedules.	08	
IV	Project Management and Control: Framework for Management and control Collection of data Visualizing progress – Cost monitoring Earned Value Analysis – Prioritizing Monitoring – Project tracking – Change control Software Configuration Management – Managing contracts – Contract Management.	08	
V	Staffing in Software Projects : Managing people – Organizational behavior – Best methods of staff selection Motivation – The Oldham Hackman job characteristic model – Stress – Health and Safety – Ethical and Professional concerns – Working in teams Decision making Organizational structures Dispersed and Virtual teams – Communications genres Communication plans Leadership.	08	
Fext bo	ooks:		
1.	Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall: Software Project Management – Fifth Edition, McGra New Delhi, 2012.	w Hill,	
2.	Robert K. Wysocki —Effective Software Project Management – Wiley Publication, 2011.		
•	Walker Royce: -Software Project Management- Addison-Wesley, 1998.		

4. Gopalaswamy Ramesh, —Managing Global Software Projects – McGraw Hill Education (India), Fourteenth Reprint 2013.

KOE-069 UNDERSTANDING THE HUMAN BEING COMPREHENSIVELY – HUMAN ASPIRATIONS AND ITS FULFILLMENT

Course Objectives:

- 1. To help the students having the clarity about human aspirations, goal, activities and purpose of life.
- 2. To facilitate the competence to understand the harmony in nature/existence and participation of human being in the nature/existence.
- 3. To help the students to develop the understanding of human tradition and its various components.

Course Methodology:

- 1. The methodology of this course is exploration and thus universally adaptable. It involves a systematic and rational study of the human being vis-à-vis the rest of existence.
- 2. It is free from any dogma or set of do's and don'ts related to values.
- 3. It is a process of self-investigation and self-exploration, and not of giving sermons. Whatever is found as truth or reality is stated as a proposal and the students are facilitated and encouraged to verify it in their own right, based on their Natural Acceptance and subsequent Experiential Validation.
- 4. This process of self-exploration takes the form of a dialogue between the teacher and the students to begin with, and then to continue within the student leading to continuous self-evolution.
- 5. This self-exploration also enables them to critically evaluate their preconditioning and present beliefs.

	KOE-069 UNDERSTANDING THE HUMAN BEING COMPREHENSIVELY- HUMAN ASPIRATIONS AND ITS FULFILLMENT				
Unit	Торіс	Lectures			
1	Introduction: The basic human aspirations and their fulfillment through Right understanding and Resolution; All-encompassing Resolution for a Human Being, its details and solution of problems in the light of Resolution.				
2	Understanding Human being and its expansion: The domain of right understanding starts from understanding the human being (the knower, the experience and the doer); and extends up to understanding nature/existence – its interconnectedness and co-existence; and finally understanding the role of human being in existence (human conduct).	8			
3	Activities of the Self: Understanding the human being comprehensively is the first step and the core theme of this course; human being as co-existence of the self and the body; the activities and potentialities of the self; Reasons for harmony/contradiction in the self.	8			
4	Understanding Co-existence with other orders: The need and the process of inner evolution (through self-exploration, selfawareness and self-evaluation)- particularly awakening to activities of the Self: Realization, Understanding and Contemplation in the Self (Realization of Co-Existence, Understanding of Harmony in Nature and Contemplation of Participation of Human in this harmony/ order leading to comprehensive knowledge about the existence).				
5	Expansion of harmony from self to entire existence: Understanding different aspects of All-encompassing Resolution (understanding, wisdom, science etc.), Holistic way of living for Human Being with All-encompassing Resolution covering all four dimensions of human endeavour viz., realization, thought, behavior and work (participation in the larger order) leading to harmony at all levels from self to Nature and entire Existence.	8			

Reference Books:

- A Foundation Course in Human Values and Profession Ethics (Text Book and Teachers' Manual), R. R. Gaur, R. Sangal, G. P. Bagaria (2010), Excel Books, New Delhi [ISBN 978-8-174-46781-2]
- 2. Avartansheel Arthshastra, A. Nagraj, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak, India
- 3. Economy of Permanence (a quest for social order based on non-violence), J. C. Kumarappa (2010), Sarva-Seva-Sangh-Prakashan, Varansi, India
- 4. Energy and Equity, Ivan Illich (1974), The Trinity Press, Worcester & Harper Collins, USA
- 5. Ishandi Nau Upnishad, Shankaracharya, Geeta press, Gorakhpur,
- 6. Manav Vyavahar Darshan, A. Nagraj, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak, India
- 7. Manaviya Sanvidhan, A. Nagraj, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak, India

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS

FOR

NON CREDIT COURSE (V & VI Semester)

1	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, LAW AND ENGINEERING
2	INDIAN TRADITION, CULTURE AND SOCIETY

[Effective from the Session: 2020-21]

Non Credit Course 2020-21 AICTE Model Curriculum K series (V & VI Semester)

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B.Tech. V & VI Semester

1KNC501/CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, LAWKNC601AND ENGINEERING

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, LAW AND ENGINEERING

Module 1--Introduction and Basic Information about Indian Constitution:

Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism, Historical Background of the Constituent Assembly, Government of India Act of 1935 and Indian Independence Act of 1947, Enforcement of the Constitution, Indian Constitution and its Salient Features, The Preamble of the Constitution, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy, Parliamentary System, Federal System, Centre-State Relations, Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure, The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India, Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency, and Local Self Government – Constitutional Scheme in India.

Module 2-Union Executive and State Executive:

Powers of Indian Parliament Functions of Rajya Sabha, Functions of Lok Sabha, Powers and Functions of the President, Comparison of powers of Indian President with the United States, Powers and Functions of the Prime Minister, Judiciary – The Independence of the Supreme Court, Appointment of Judges, Judicial Review, Public Interest Litigation, Judicial Activism, LokPal, Lok Ayukta, The Lokpal and Lok ayuktas Act 2013, State Executives – Powers and Functions of the Governor, Powers and Functions of the Chief Minister, Functions of State Cabinet, Functions of State Legislature, Functions of High Court and Subordinate Courts.

Module 3- Introduction and Basic Information about Legal System:

The Legal System: Sources of Law and the Court Structure: Enacted law -Acts of Parliament are of primary legislation, Common Law or Case law, Principles taken from decisions of judges constitute binding legal rules. The Court System in India and Foreign Courtiers (District Court, District Consumer Forum, Tribunals, High Courts, Supreme Court). Arbitration: As an alternative to resolving disputes in the normal courts, parties who are in dispute can agree that this will instead be referred to arbitration. Contract law, Tort, Law at workplace.

Module 4- Intellectual Property Laws and Regulation to Information:

Intellectual Property Laws: Introduction, Legal Aspects of Patents, Filing of Patent Applications, Rights from Patents, Infringement of Patents, Copyright and its Ownership, Infringement of Copyright, Civil Remedies for Infringement, Regulation to Information-Introduction, Right to Information Act, 2005, Information Technology Act, 2000, Electronic Governance, Secure Electronic Records and Digital Signatures, Digital Signature Certificates, Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal, Offences, Limitations of the Information Technology Act.

Module 5 - Business Organizations and E-Governance:

Sole Traders, Partnerships: Companies: The Company's Act: Introduction, Formation of a Company, Memorandum of Association, Articles of Association, Prospectus, Shares, Directors, General Meetings and Proceedings, Auditor, Winding up.

E-Governance and role of engineers in E-Governance, Need for reformed engineering serving at the Union and State level, Role of I.T. professionals in Judiciary, Problem of Alienation and Secessionism in few states creating hurdles in Industrial development.

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To acquaint the students with legacies of constitutional development in India and help those to understand the most diversified legal document of India and philosophy behind it.
- To make students aware of the theoretical and functional aspects of the Indian Parliamentary System.
- To channelize students' thinking towards basic understanding of the legal concepts and its implications for engineers.
- To acquaint students with latest intellectual property rights and innovation environment with related regulatory framework.
- To make students learn about role of engineering in business organizations and e-governance.

COURSE OUTCOME: At the end of the course, learners should be able to-

- 1. Identify and explore the basic features and modalities about Indian constitution.
- 2. Differentiate and relate the functioning of Indian parliamentary system at the center and state level.
- 3. Differentiate different aspects of Indian Legal System and its related bodies.
- 4. Discover and apply different laws and regulations related to engineering practices.
- 5. Correlate role of engineers with different organizations and governance models
- **Pedagogy:** Lecture, Problem based learning, Group discussions, Visual media, Films, Documentaries, Debate forums.

Suggested Readings:

- Brij Kishore Sharma: *Introduction to the Indian Constitution*, 8th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Granville Austin: *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (Classic Reissue)*, Oxford University Press.
- Subhash C. Kashyap: Our Constitution: An Introduction to India's Constitution and constitutional Law, NBT, 2018.
- Madhav Khosla: The Indian Constitution, Oxford University Press.
- PM Bakshi: The Constitution of India, Latest Edition, Universal Law Publishing.
- V.K. Ahuja: Law Relating to Intellectual Property Rights (2007)
- Suresh T. Viswanathan: The Indian Cyber Laws, Bharat Law House, New Delhi-88
- P. Narayan: Intellectual Property Law, Eastern Law House, New Delhi
- Prabudh Ganguli: Gearing up for Patents: The Indian Scenario, Orient Longman.
- BL Wadehra: Patents, Trademarks, *Designs and Geological Indications Universal Law* Publishing LexisNexis.
- Intellectual Property Rights: Law and Practice, Module III by ICSI (only relevant sections)
- Executive programme study material Company Law, Module II, by ICSI (The Institute of Companies Secretaries of India) (Only relevant sections i.e., Study 1, 4 and 36).<u>https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/publications/Company%20Law.pdf</u>
- Handbook on e-Governance Project Lifecycle, Department of Electronics & Information Technology, Government of India, <u>https://www.meity.gov.in/writereaddata/files/e-Governance_Project_Lifecycle_Participant_Handbook-5Day_CourseV1_20412.pdf</u>
- Companies Act, 2013 Key highlights and analysis by PWC. https://www.pwc.in/assets/pdfs/publications/2013/companies-act-2013-key-highlightsand-analysis.pdf

Referred Case Studies:

- Keshavanand Bharati V. State of Kerala, AIR 1973 SC 1461.
- Maneka Gandhi V. Union of India AIR, 1978 SC 597.
- S.R. Bammai V. Union of India, AIR 1994 SC 1918.
- Kuldip Nayyar V. Union of India, AIR 2006 SC312.
- A.D.M. Jabalpur V. ShivkantShakla, AIR 1976 SC1207.
- Remshwar Prasad V. Union of India, AIR 2006 SC980.
- Keshav Singh in re, AIR 1965 SC 745.
- Union of India V. Talsiram, AIR 1985 SC 1416.
- Atiabari Tea Estate Co.V. State of Assam, AIR 1961SC232.
- SBP & Co. Vs. Patel Engg. Ltd. 2005 (8) SCC 618.
- Krishna Bhagya Jala Nigam Ltd. Vs. G. Arischandra Reddy (2007) 2 SCC 720.
- Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Vs. Saw Pipes Ltd. 2003 (4) SCALE 92 185.

****** (Other relevant case studies can be consulted by the teacher as per the topic).

Prescribed Legislations:

- 1. Information Technology Act, 2000 with latest amendments.
- 2. RTI Act 2005 with latest amendments.
- 3. Information Technology Rules, 2000
- 4. Cyber Regulation Appellate Tribunal Rules, 2000

Suggested aid for Students and Pedagogic purpose

- RSTV debates on corporate law, IPR and patent issues
- NPTEL lectures on IPR and patent rights

Episodes of 10 -part mini TV series "Samvidhan: The Making of Constitution of India" by RSTV.

B.Tech. V & VI Semester

2KNC502/INDIAN TRADITION, CULTUREKNC602AND SOCIETY

INDIAN TRADITIONS, CULTURAL AND SOCIETY

Module 1- Society State and Polity in India

State in Ancient India: Evolutionary Theory, Force Theory, Mystical Theory Contract Theory, Stages of State Formation in Ancient India, Kingship, Council of Ministers Administration Political Ideals in Ancient India Conditions' of the Welfare of Societies, The Seven Limbs of the State, Society in Ancient India, Purusārtha, Varnāshrama System, Āshrama or the Stages of Life, Marriage, Understanding Gender as a social category, The representation of Women in Historical traditions, Challenges faced by Women. Four-class Classification, Slavery.

Module 2- Indian Literature, Culture, Tradition, and Practices

Evolution of script and languages in India: Harappan Script and Brahmi Script. The Vedas, the Upanishads, the Ramayana and the Mahabharata, Puranas, Buddhist And Jain Literature in Pali,Prakrit And Sanskrit, Kautilya's Arthashastra, Famous Sanskrit Authors, Telugu Literature, Kannada Literature,Malayalam Literature ,Sangama Literature Northern Indian Languages & Literature, Persian And Urdu ,Hindi Literature

Module 3- Indian Religion, Philosophy, and Practices

Pre-Vedic and Vedic Religion, Buddhism, Jainism, Six System Indian Philosophy, Shankaracharya, Various Philosophical Doctrines, Other Heterodox Sects, Bhakti Movement, Sufi movement, Socio religious reform movement of 19th century, Modern religious practices.

Module 4-Science, Management and Indian Knowledge System

Astronomy in India, Chemistry in India, Mathematics in India, Physics in India, Agriculture in India, Medicine in India ,Metallurgy in India, Geography, Biology, Harappan Technologies, Water Management in India, Textile Technology in India ,Writing Technology in India Pyrotechnics in India Trade in Ancient India/,India's Dominance up to Pre-colonial Times

Module 5- Cultural Heritage and Performing Arts

Indian Architect, Engineering and Architecture in Ancient India, Sculptures, Seals, coins, Pottery, Puppetry, Dance, Music, Theatre, drama, Painting, Martial Arts Traditions, Fairs and Festivals, Current developments in Arts and Cultural, Indian's Cultural Contribution to the World. Indian Cinema

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The course aims at imparting basic principles of thought process, reasoning and inference to identify the roots and details of some of the contemporary issues faced by our nation and try to locate possible solutions to these challenges by digging deep into our past.
- To enable the students to understand the importance of our surroundings and encourage the students to contribute towards sustainable development.
- To sensitize students towards issues related to 'Indian' culture, tradition and its composite character.

- To make students aware of holistic life styles of Yogic-science and wisdom capsules in Sanskrit literature that are important in modern society with rapid technological advancements and societal disruptions.
- To acquaint students with Indian Knowledge System, Indian perspective of modern scientific world-view and basic principles of Yoga and holistic health care system.

COURSE OUTCOMES: Ability to understand, connect up and explain basics of Indian Traditional knowledge modern scientific perspective.

Suggested Pedagogy for Teachers

- Project based learning
- Case studies
- Group discussion
- Presentations

Suggested Text & Reference Books

- 1. V. Sivaramakrishna (Ed.), *Cultural Heritage of India-Course Material*, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Mumbai, 5th Edition, 2014
- 2. S. Baliyan, Indian Art and Culture, Oxford University Press, India
- 3. Swami Jitatmanand, Modern Physics and Vedant, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan
- 4. Romila Thapar, Readings In Early Indian History Oxford University Press, India
- 5. Fritz of Capra, Tao of Physics
- 6. Fritz of Capra, The wave of Life
- 7. V N Jha (English Translation), *Tarkasangraha of Annam Bhatta*, Inernational Chinmay Foundation, Velliarnad, Amaku, am
- 8. Yoga Sutra of Patanjali, Ramakrishna Mission, Kolkatta
- 9. GN Jha (Eng. Trans.) Ed. R N Jha, Yoga-darshanam with Vyasa Bhashya, Vidyanidhi Prakasham, Delhi,2016
- 10. RN Jha, Science of Consciousness Psychotherapy and Yoga Practices, Vidyanidhi Prakasham, Delhi, 2016
- 11. P R Sharma (English translation), Shodashang Hridayam
- 12. Basham, A.L., The Wonder that was India (34th impression), New Delhi, Rupa & co
- 13. Sharma, R.S., *Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India*(fourth edition), Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass,